

Proudly Sponsored By



Because Citizen Stewardship Counts!

EXCERPT

Employment

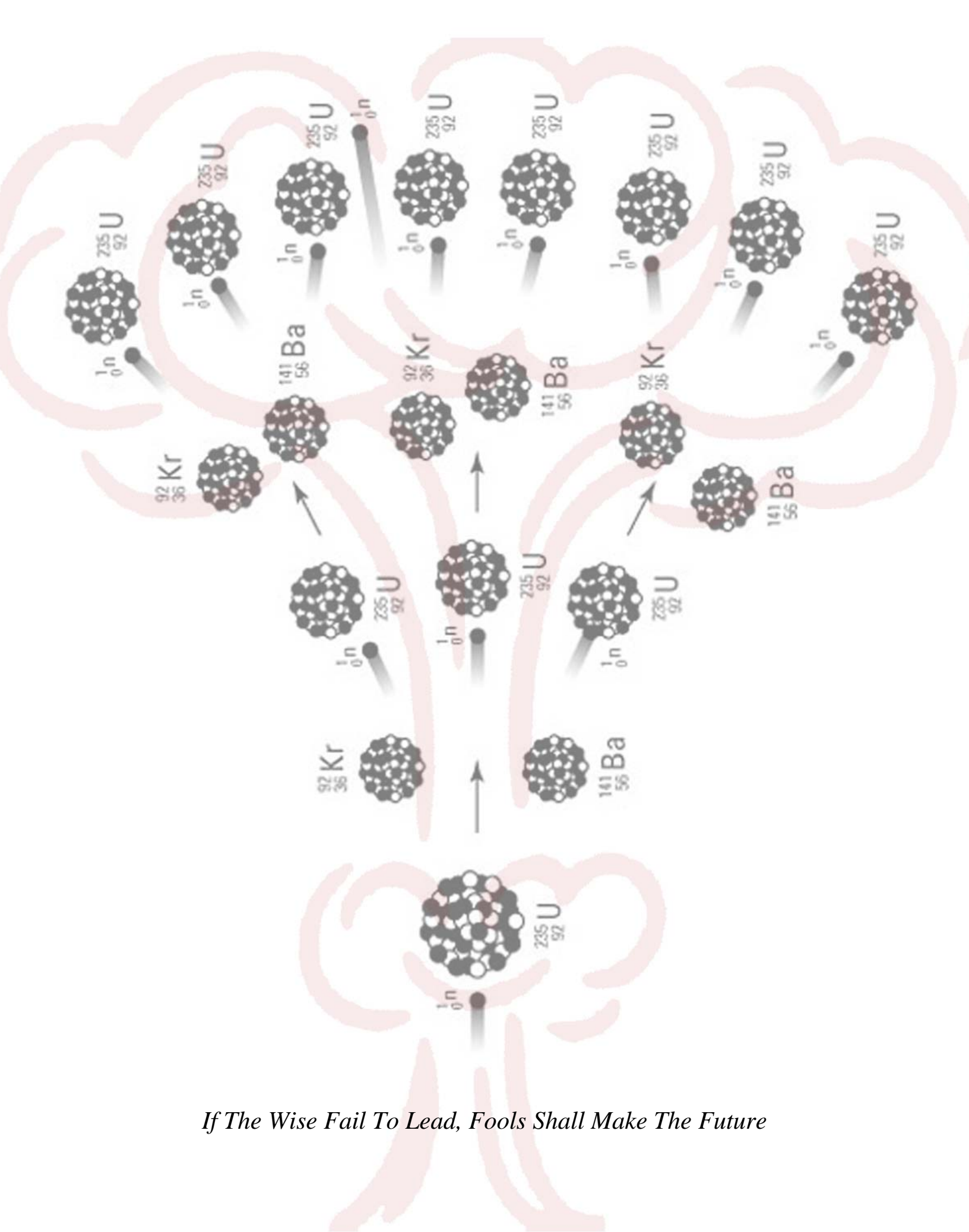
A National Security Issue

AMERICA THREAT STUDY



**Domestic and Global
Dangers to WeThePeople**

Xelan Bonn



If The Wise Fail To Lead, Fools Shall Make The Future

AMERICA THREAT STUDY

Domestic and Global Dangers to WeThePeople

*Short Title: America Threat Study
Formerly: APA Infiltration Study*

For Distribution To:

**House Committee on
Oversight and Government Reform**

and the

US Citizenry

Xelan Bonn, MBA
xelanbonn@gmail.com

Excerpt Commissioned By

Citizen America Foundation
c/o POB 91437 San Diego, CA, USA
www.citizenamerica.org

July 2011

Disclaimer:

The views and conclusions contained herein are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the official policies, either expressed or implied, of Citizen America Foundation, Bonn Industries or the US Government.

This excerpt is part of a comprehensive detailed secondary study that examines major threats to Americans and their nation, as opposed to a US government perspective. The study seeks to omit the typical government imposed redactions for political purposes, interagency protocols, internal policies, classified document restrictions, and other censorships in an effort to give the American people the fullest and least censored view of their government and collective national security and safety. A partial listing of threats examined includes the following:

Direct Threats

- *Global terrorism*
- *Domestic terrorism / mass death event terrorism*
 - ~ *Nuclear*
 - ~ *Biological*
 - ~ *Radiological*
 - ~ *Covert sleeper cells / quick penetrators*
- *Border infiltration*
- *Government infiltration*
- *Immigration infiltration*
- *Government personnel and agency sedition and treason*
- *Emerging supranational-org (“billionaire class”) terrorists and subversive organs*
- *Voting system coup d'état*
- *Electronic warfare*
- *US banking and industry sedition*
- *Overt and poser (ally) state enemies*

Indirect Threats

- *National debt and dollar collapse*
- *Democratic system failures*
 - ~ *Accountability journalism destruction / media political bias*
 - ~ *Special interests system undermining*
 - ~ *Transnational corporate warfare and corruption*
 - ~ *Democratic checks and balances destruction*
 - ~ *Constitution and Rights destruction*
 - ~ *Government authoritarianism and the rising police state*
 - ~ *Military industrial complex proselytization*
 - ~ *Hatch Act violators / political group and organizational threats*
 - ~ *Law enforcement breakdowns and emerging cultures of disdain for rule of law*
- *Middle class critical mass implosion threshold*
 - ~ *Chronic / rising unemployment and erosion of the national defense tax base*
 - ~ *Transnational and global worker warfare*
 - ~ *Rising plutocracy and oligopoly*

Future Threats

- *Nano warfare*
- *Nature warfare*
- *Resource warfare*

And more...

The America Threat Study: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople excerpt is made available through sponsorship by Citizen America Foundation: www.CitizenAmerica.org

Executive Summary (For Excerpt Only)

[Reader's Note: some aspects discussed hereunder are detailed elsewhere in the America Threat Study but are included here to aid a more comprehensive understanding of issues and interplays].

Unemployment will play a key and growing role in America's future ability to maintain its national security and citizen safety, with critical impacts scoring major damages in 6 years and likely irreversible impacts within 11 to 13 years based on near-past and current trend analysis.

Today, the nation faces a near insurmountable challenge of having to create over 531,000 jobs monthly between now and 2018 (just over 6 years away) in order to reach full employment when adjusted for workforce growth demands.

Trends since 2008 show Bureau of Labor Statistics forecasts for job creation have and will continue to show dramatic error spreads. By 2018, real unemployment should be 20% (and not 4% as predicted by the BLS), and by 2023 it could exceed 30% as the unemployment cycle continues to escalate, decelerating Gross Domestic Product (GDP), treasury, budgets, and ultimately the nation's ability to put up a national defense.

Major factors contributing to unemployment growth include: 1) illegal immigration / contraband labor, 2) lawful immigration, 3) globalization and "free trade policies" and manufacturing base decay, 4) Offshoring and Outsourcing, 5) wage devaluation, 6) policies driving industry to favor lower paid service sectors, 7) Failure / reluctance of the emerging labor force to meet upper educational job requirements for emerging positions due to growing fear of student loan debt oppression (lifelong debt servitude to government), 8) sluggish private sector business investment and financial market inhibitors, 9) and other factors.

The proposed removal of contraband and newly incoming immigrant labor from the market are projected to dramatically boost employment outlooks by as much as 4%.

The over-all downward trend in jobs is not due to cyclical economic impacts of normal market fluctuations but to systemic undermining policies that favor globalization and unfair trade and oppose domestic national self-reliance and wealth building. The result has been the steady reduction in the nation's middle-class workforce and standard of living, hence consumer pool size and its respective discretionary income shrinkages that negatively impact demand, job growth, and ultimately revenues to the treasury needed to help table a national defense.

Trends from about 1973 indicate the federal government has systemically attacked and eroded the nation's middle class by embracing unfair trade policies that level major disadvantages against domestic businesses and especially domestic workers, thus severely devaluing the nation's competitiveness, respective production and ability to create wealth and jobs. Among other impacts, such policies have resulted in shrinking manufacturing employment to 9% even though, per employee, this sector creates more national wealth than nearly all other job sectors—the resulting negative impacts to GDP and the treasury have been phenomenal, if not dangerous.

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

As a combination of rising and sustained unemployment coupled with harmful trade policies continue to shrink wages, employment, and the middle-class, the US economy will face a Middle-class Critical Mass Implosion (MCMI) by which worker-consumers will eventually no longer have the ability to sustain the nation's consumer-based economy. Once key economic sectors begin to fall beyond recovery thresholds, a downward cycle will affect complete collapse on the US economy—the current trend line suggests a post 2022 target date for MCMI. Should inflation above 3% annually arise, or particularly if hyper-inflation sets in, the collapse could come sooner or be far more dramatic.

While workers directly or indirectly contribute to over 93% of government's revenue base, a diminishing and lower paid workforce will continue to erode consumption and demand and thus the GDP and tax base that will be met with ever increasing budget constraints; this will impose cuts on national defense and comes at a time when multiple dangers are coalescing, demanding far greater tax expenditures for national security measures, thus dramatically increasing the nation's risk exposures in most threat categories.

The America Threat Study [*not included in this excerpt*] reveals over a dozen realistic or imminent threats to the well being of the citizenry and nation, any one of which have the mutually exclusive ability to outcrop into full nation collapse scenarios—widespread civil disorder, economic upheaval and systemic collapse, life savings losses for all Americans, 50% or greater reduction in personal liberty, poverty exceeding 60% of the total population, and more are all projected by unimpeachable authorities. America is now positioned at the highest risk levels for nation dismantling in the country's history—a .70+ probability of a nation collapsing event occurring before 2022 appears viable and by 2027 the probability rises to a stunning .95.

One major contributor setting the stage for major civil unrest that could outcrop into civil war includes an exceedingly high real unemployment rate and its continued impacts against revenues and the rising inability of the nation to table domestic safeguards (which will embolden US enemies). The problem of high unemployment will persist because policy makers and economists have failed to address the issue holistically and systemically rather than myopically. The application of arcane or warped economic market manipulation approaches have compounded the problem—especially those that fail to understand the centric-value of a well kept and strong middle-class and workforce as well as nation-view that seeks to maximize national and worker wealth building over special or foreign interests and desires.

In the pre-\$14 trillion national debt era that averaged 5.71% unemployment since 1948,¹ the correlation between national security and unemployment was relatively insignificant but today's national debt crisis impacting budgets coupled with a multi-threat landscape and the critical need for national security revenues to counter such threats is far different—unemployment levels and projections now represent a true and significant danger for the American people and their nation—and will increasingly become a more significant threat in the near future.

This excerpt seeks to examine some of the major aspects impacting the nation's unemployment rate, government's consistent deceptions in public reporting or forecasting that has encouraged a

¹ *Unemployment 1948 to 2010* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, June 28, 2011) At: http://www.bls.gov/cps/prev_yrs.htm

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

false sense of security across the public sector and thus failed to affect concerns on the citizenry adequately rising to pressure leaders toward corrective actions.

For aspects not reported within this excerpt, we direct the reader to the more comprehensive America Threat Study available through Citizen America Foundation: www.CitizenAmerica.Org

Table Of Contents

Executive Summary (For Excerpt Only)	5
Employment.....	9
Unemployment’s Impact On National Security.....	9
Government Job Projections Or Deceptions?.....	11
Real Unemployment Forecast For 2018 – A Dark Future.....	13
America Is Entering Super-Depression Era.....	15
Is News Media Increasing The Danger?.....	15
Downward Economic Cycle Feeds Itself and Accelerates	16
Service Job Sector Shrinks Consumption, GDP and Revenues.....	17
Federal Bankruptcy and Mass Secession Now Foreseeable	17
Multi-Head Hydra Of Threats.....	17
Service Sector Growth Trend Harmful To GDP.....	18
Pro-Globalism Leaders Are Killing American Workers	19
Advanced Education Job Sector Faces Unmet Worker Demands	22
Outsourcing and Offshoring Impacts.....	24
Realizing Government Colors Truth And Undermines Democracy.....	25
US Business Stopped Labor Farming—Why?	26
The Immigration Factor	27
A Nutshell History On Immigration	27
Devaluing Immigrants With Less Corruptive, High Cultural Value Systems.....	28
Chain Migration = Drain Brain Nation.....	28
Current Immigration Policy Attacks The Treasury And Poor	29
Population Growth Versus Immigration.....	31
Jobs Americans Will Do But Just Can’t Have?	31
Wage Devaluation Attacks The Poor Hardest	32
More News Media Culpability?.....	35
Civil Rights Being Eroded To Detriment Of All Americans.....	35
Silence Before The Slaughter	37
Jordan Commission Opposed Amnesty	37
Eliminating Contraband Labor’s To Boost “Real Employment”	38
What Will It Take To Get America Working Again?.....	39
Conclusion	41
Appendix.....	45
The Full America Threat Study	45
Discover More Facts On Immigration	45
Request Your Own Study Or Consultancy	45
About The Author	45

Employment

Unemployment's Impact On National Security

America has entered uncharted waters regarding the current configuration of diverging threats, economic factors, and demands on community resources. Previous formulas, trends and analysis based on standard formulas is thus highly suspect because it fails to take into account the new dynamic factors and variables at interplay on the whole of the nation's security and economy and the foundational supports being decayed or destroyed—in other words, most approaches are too economic-centric and habitually tunnel-focused rather than holistic, examining the nation's wellbeing from an organic organism and underpinning perspective. Thus when economist make predictions today based on past data, trends, and models, they fail more often than not in their forecasting during this unique period in US history with so many new and never before seen variable in play; this is largely due to the fact that key factor relationships that often leverage into economic realities and, in turn, pressure other aspects of the organ, such as budgets that can constrain or improve security, or immigration policies that can undermine employment rates, and other key elements of the nation whole, are often diffused or simply not examined or addressed in more pedestrian calculations—the very results of which are harped by unsuspecting, if not wholly incompetent news system.

It's hard to think of US employment levels as a potential threat to America until one realizes that workers are the foundation of our entire tax system, economy and ability to table an expensive national defense and well situated nation state and citizenry. The government speaks of declining revenues to the treasury and need for higher taxes that strain our economic engine while simultaneously failing to install fuel in the tank—jobs for worker-consumers needed to drive up economic growth, hence revenues to the treasury—fuller and higher levels of employment is historically proven to fill the treasury much faster than fuller taxation.

Of course, employment levels have also traditionally been a key indicator of the nation's overall economic health and virtually all US economic soundness relies on our workforce under a simple economic relationship:

*Worker consumes a job
(+) is paid a wage
(+) uses wages to purchase goods as a consumer
(=) aggregates with other workers/consumers to create 70% consumer-based economy*

Yes, our nation's workforce also represents 70% of our economy but economists like to forget consumers are first workers—harm workers and you harm the consumer based markets and businesses that depend on them.

Less workers (=) less consumption (=) business shrinkage (=) declining profits and economy (=) declining Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

When our GDP falls, our nation’s tax revenues also suffer, and if sustained can have major long-term impacts on our national security.

Declining economy (=) declining business revenues and profits (=) declining government revenues (=) declining tax base / budgets (=) declining funds for national defense (=) more opportunities for US enemies to exploit national security vulnerabilities

Hence, for our purposes here, we can boil all the economic-speak into a basic truism:

The higher unemployment rate within the nation’s workforce, the greater the threat to its national security and citizen safety over time.

To better understand this reality, we need only realize that nearly all government revenues stem from workers either directly or indirectly. For example, very few corporations make money without workers and workers also pay social insurance taxes. Thus 93.58% of the nation’s health (and national security) depends on its workforce’s ability to help business earn and prosper, as well as to earn and generate wages and consume to perpetuate tax revenues for the nation’s needs.

As of May 2011, the US labor force was 153.4 million² and real unemployment was 21.9 million or about 14%³—the highest amount of unemployment in US history next to the Depression era. If those persons working part-time⁴ or those who are severely under-employed are also counted, the number rises to 24.3 million unemployed Americans or about 16%—Depression era levels.⁵

Revenues By Major Source, 1968 to 2007, in Billions of Dollars

	Individual Income Taxes	Corporate Income Taxes	Social Insurance Taxes	Excise Taxes	Estate and Gift Taxes	Customs Duties	Misc Receipts	Total
2007	1163.5	370.2	869.6	65.1	26	26	47.8	2568.2
%	45.30%	14.41%	33.86%	2.53%	1.01%	1.01%	1.86%	100.00%
Worker- Based	yes 45.30%	yes 14.41%	yes 33.86%					93.58%

Source: Congressional Budget Office, Sept 2008 At: <http://www.cbo.gov/budget/data/historical.pdf>

America Threat Study

However, the government and news media’s reporting system uses a more deceptive unemployment rate or metric; they use aggregate state-reported unemployment benefit rolls—a

² Staff, *Labor Force Status Flows By Sex May 2011* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2011) At: http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps_flows_current.pdf (Note: combines total employed and unemployed)

³ Staff, *Table A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2011) At: <http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/print.pl/news.release/empsit.t12.htm>

⁴ The BLS calls this group, *involuntary part time workers*.

⁵ Staff, *Actual Unemployed* (US Debt Clock, taken June 15, 2011) At: <http://www.usdebtclock.org/> (Note: during the Depression, about 25 million Americans were unemployed at its peak).

highly misleading metric that actually counts many unemployed as employed once they fall off unemployment insurance rolls or take on menial or part-time jobs rather than career positions.⁶

In any case, the unemployment statistics are worrisome at best and prompt the questions: Can America get the unemployed back to work and if so, how long will it take—and if not, what happens to our national defense and citizen safety as a result—especially if the problem persists or gets worse?

Government Job Projections Or Deceptions?

The good news is that the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) has made a new jobs forecast that appears like a white knight coming to our nation's rescue. The BLS forecasted 15.3 million new jobs would be created from 2008 to 2018 (we have just over 6 years to go).⁷

Here's how that looks:

$$\begin{aligned} & 21.9m \text{ unemployed (2011)} \\ & (-) 15.3m \text{ new jobs / new employed (2008 to 2018)} \\ & (=) 6.6 \text{ million unemployed by 2018} \end{aligned}$$

Wow—4% unemployment by 2018—that's excellent... or at least that is what the government wants us to believe. Now let's examine the facts using different metrics and see how the forecast holds up.⁸

Looking at that original employment metric as of May 2011, our workforce was 153.4 million⁹ (employed and unemployed combined) with 21.9 million unemployed.¹⁰ Although we know the workforce is growing, let's also assume for argument's sake this is a constant base factor (unchanged number).

We also know that each day new jobs are created and old jobs are discontinued so if we look at one metric and not the other, we are only going to have half the picture. Well what if we ignore jobs lost and created and go straight to the "horse's mouth", so to speak, and simply look at the total number of employed workers in the US each month. If the number rises, it's safe to say jobs grew and if it drops, jobs were lost. *Note: If you want to argue over whether the job was newly created or just an existing one that finally got filled, we'll leave that to you and the pundits to*

⁶ Government and news media's official unemployment figure is not based on actual persons unemployed but is instead based on those persons who are collecting unemployment benefits. Once a person falls off the UI benefits roll, the official calculation reported counts that person as "employed" for all intents and purposes. This is why unemployment may rise and dip, irrespective of the economy. For example, today 400,000 signed up for UI benefits but 600,000 just lost their UI benefits so we had a 200,000 net gain (lowering) of the reported unemployment percentage (i.e. we went from 9.3% to 9.1%). Most Americans do not realize that their news media and government are being deliberately deceptive thanks to reporting changes made under the Clinton Administration.

⁷ Staff, *Employment Projections: 2008-2018 Summary* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec 10, 2009) At: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ecopro.nr0.htm>

⁸ *Note: Government statistics are usually neutral and mundane but in its reporting of such statistics, the news media tends to offer a wide degree of blind follower bias as opposed to competent analysis.*

⁹ Staff, *Labor Force Status Flows By Sex May 2011* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2011) At: http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps_flows_current.pdf (*Note: combines total employed and unemployed*)

¹⁰ Staff, *Table A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2011) At: <http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/print.pl/news.release/empsit.t12.htm>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

hash but here we are just interested in knowing if folks are working or not, and if not, how many are impacted.

How is the BLS forecast proving out in reality?

Employment for 2008 actually dropped by 3 million, again, just examining the number of employed.¹¹ In 2009 the employed lost another 5.4 million from their ranks.¹² However, by 2010 there were 1.1 million more employed.¹³ This means from 2008 through 2010 there were 7.3 million more unemployed—a 5% change in unemployment.

In further examining the BLS forecast vs. actual metrics we need to calculate the job growth trend line. Let’s use the 2010 figure (1.1 million more employed) and the May 2010 to May 2011 span (about ½ million employed) and for argument’s sake settle on an average of 1 million new jobs / employed being added each year as our current trend metric.¹⁴ This means from 2011 to 2018 (seven years), with all factors holding, we should create 7 million more jobs. Here’s how that 2008 to 2018 BLS span looks using fact-adjusted figures (admittedly based on more known facts than the BLS originally had):

*3m newly unemployed 2008
 (+) 5.4m newly unemployed 2009
 (-) 1.1m newly employed 2010
(-) 7m projected employed 2011 to 2018
 (=) 0.3 million unemployed added by 2018*

As we can see, by 2018 the US should have 0.3 million less employed than it has today, based on the current job growth trend. Now let’s compare that to our current unemployment base to see what 2018 really looks like:

*21.9m unemployed (2011)
(+) 0.3m unemployed by 2018 (using 2008-2010 facts and current trends)
 (=) 22.2 million unemployed by 2018 (or 14% true unemployment rate)*

Here is a side by side summary of the two forecasts for 2018:

Current Metrics and Trends	Jobs (+/-)
Net Jobs Gained / Lost 2008 up to 2018	-0.3m
Projected Employed / Unemployed By 2018	-22.2m
Projected “Real” Unemployment Rate 2018	14%

¹¹ Staff, *Household Data, Table C. 2008* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec, 2008) At: http://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/empsit_01092009.pdf (Note: Dec 2007 employed (less) Dec 2008 employed or 146.3m less 143.3m = 3m less employed)

¹² Staff, *Household Data, Table C. 2009* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec, 2009) At: http://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/empsit_01082010.pdf (Note: Dec 2008 employed less Dec 2009 employed or 143.2m less 137.8m = 5.4m less employed)

¹³ Staff, *The Employment Situation Dec 2010* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec, 2010) At: http://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/empsit_01072011.pdf

¹⁴ Staff, *Household Data, Table C. 2011* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May, 2011) At: http://www.bls.gov/news.release/archives/empsit_01092009.pdf (Note: May 2010 employed (less) May 2011 employed or 139.4m less 139.8m = .5m more employed)

BLS Forecast	
Net Jobs Gained / Lost 2008 up to 2018	15.3m
Projected Employed / Unemployed By 2018	-6.6m
Projected “Real” Unemployment Rate 2018	4%
Forecast Difference / Error Spread	10%

On the surface, the original BLS forecast looked really great—unemployment was projected to be back down to or below normal levels. Of course, as we have shown the BLS forecast was a tad off when adjusted. Unfortunately, the real forecast is far worse than shown above.

Real Unemployment Forecast For 2018 – A Dark Future

Calculating “real” unemployment is a highly complicated task fraught with many variables and factors, however, in the above scenario we simply applied some basic metrics to get a general idea of the near future. One of the problems with our forecast (above) is that it assumes all of the jobs created in the economy can be filled by those unemployed, which means employers would now be willing to hire, say, carpenters to do web-mastering or computer programmers to do financing—or construction housing workers to do heavy construction of bridges and highways, etc. Does this sort of worker substitution and interchangeability make any sense in the real world? Of course not so we have some more thinking and adjusting to do in our forecasting.

The BLS predicts that many new jobs will require a post secondary education or specialized skills that much of the current unemployed workforce lacks so even if employers are willing to hire and create new jobs, it does not mean they will be filled or that employment will be aided.¹⁵

The forecast also fails because it does not take into account the labor growth rate, which is expanding. For example, immigrants (and their offspring) make up the bulk of the growth in the labor force. And then there are those who are coming of age and just entering the workforce or those who decide to re-enter it (i.e. mothers after a child leaves home, birthing mothers returning to work, etc., men who suffered injuries and are now capable, etc.).

We also have to subtract the attrition rate in the workforce. For example, older workers retire, some workers are injured or killed, others leave the country and so forth.

For argument’s sake (and to be ultra conservative in our forecasting), let’s concede the following assumptions:

- 1) Workers are interchangeable and can be substituted
- 2) Labor growth rates are neutralized by labor shrinkage rates
- 3) Job growth rates will remain unchanged (trend = 1m new jobs added per year only)

Keeping these assumptions in mind, let’s examine another major factor we overlooked.

¹⁵ Staff, *Employment Projections: 2008-2018 Summary* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec 10, 2009) At: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ecopro.nr0.htm>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

It is estimated that one third to one half of all labor force growth will come from immigrants through 2030.¹⁶ For example, the GAO estimates over ½ million new illegal alien workers aka contraband labor join the workforce each year using the top three methodologies for this otherwise elusive statistic.¹⁷ Illegal aliens enter the US for four basic purposes: 1) perpetrate crime, 2) infiltrate or cause harm on private or government entities, 3) perpetrate terrorism against the citizenry, 4) secure work—the vast majority fall into this final class.¹⁸ However, because of their unlawful status and entry methods, US authorities have absolutely no idea which class any given illegal alien belongs to—thus all must be considered hostile by law enforcement until proven otherwise [*an aspect of this issue explored more depth in the full study only*].

In contrast, legal immigrants have averaged over 1 million per year to the US, according to the DHS.¹⁹ In both cases, the vast majority of illegal aliens and legal immigrants are coming to the US to work.

Using the contraband labor and legal immigrant growth rate facts alone, the labor force should roughly grow by an estimated 10.5 million between 2011 and 2018. In nearly all cases, these groups do not bring jobs with them so we can safely add them to the total unemployment or labor force pool (*note: we assume for arguments sake that they all want to work even though a small percentage likely do not seek work, such as grandfathers, wives, etc.*).

Again, the May 2011 labor force was 153,421²⁰ and real unemployment totaled 21.9 million²¹ so if we add our future immigrants and illegal aliens into the unemployment pool (10.5 million), we total 32.4 million unemployed for 2018 (before we subtract any new jobs added by then).

21.9 million current unemployed (2011)
(+) 10.5 million immigrants and illegal alien workers (2011 to 2018)
(=) 32.4 million unemployed (by 2018)

Now going back to our 2018 revised job projection summary we see the real job growth rate is actually going to be negative (based on the current trend line) so we have to subtract 0.3 million more jobs (or add 0.3 more unemployed persons). We now have an estimated 32.7 million unemployed workers for 2018.

Here's the adjustment:

32.4 million unemployed (by 2018)
(+) 0.3 million job losses by 2018 (new unemployed based on current job growth trends)

¹⁶ National Immigration Law Center, *Facts About Immigrant Workers* (California Immigrant Policy Center, April 2007) At: www.caimmigrant.org/document.php?id=182

¹⁷ GAO, *Border-Crossing Deaths Have Doubled Since 1995; Border Patrol's Efforts to Prevent Deaths Have Not Been Fully Evaluated* : Table 2, *Estimated Undocumented Entries, Apprehensions, and Deaths (1998 – 2004 multi-methodology)* (Government Accountability Office, Aug 2006) GAO-06-770 At: <http://www.gao.gov/new.items/d06770.pdf>

¹⁸ This statement is supported elsewhere within the comprehensive *America Threat Study*.

¹⁹ DHS, *2009 Year Book of Immigration Statistics: Table 1* (Department of Homeland Security, Office of Immigration Statistics, Aug 2010) p. 5 At: http://www.dhs.gov/xlibrary/assets/statistics/yearbook/2009/ois_yb_2009.pdf

²⁰ Staff, *Labor Force Status Flows By Sex May 2011* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2011) At: http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps_flows_current.pdf (*Note: combines total employed and unemployed*)

²¹ Staff, *Table A-12. Unemployed persons by duration of unemployment* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2011) At: <http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/print.pl/news.release/empsit.t12.htm>

(=) 32.7 million unemployed by 2018

Here's how the future really stacks up for the start of the 2018 year:

Metric	Jobs (+/-)
2011 Labor Force	153.4m
Imported Labor Force 2011 to 2018	10.5m
Adjusted Labor Force by 2018	163.9m
Unemployed by 2018	32.7m
True Unemployment Rate by 2018	20%

America Is Entering Super-Depression Era

Let's review that there will be 32.7 million unemployed by 2018. This number of unemployed would mean the US would have officially entered a Super Depression Era, dwarfing the Great Depression by over 7 million additional unemployed. It also shows us the nation is not headed into an economic recovery that will apply to standard economies but is instead headed toward major economic hardship for American workers on a level that has never before been seen in US history—we are headed into uncharted stormy waters.

By 2018 or a little over 6 years out, we could see a never before seen America with 1 of 5 (workforce) Americans unemployed. The problem then becomes one of government aid and the increased burden on government revenues to feed the hungry and sustain the nation's starving—it's unemployed. This will domino into other costs impacts [*which we do not explore here*] that will in turn force government to pull back expenditures elsewhere, such as on national defense, as the tax base withdraws due to too many workers no longer contributing to the nation's treasury but instead suckling off it.

Is News Media Increasing The Danger?

As the simple analysis shows, reality is not stacking up against government projections—not even close—but government projections and rhetoric seems to be getting all the attention in our news media, which means the public is being deliberately deceived by our leaders, broadcasters, and journalist community as well as those inside government—ouch!

What this lack of foreknowledge truth in our nation (among the citizenry) ultimately means is that there will be even less “hard times” preparation by Americans. If the citizenry does not know we are headed toward a train wreck, how can it adequately prepare? How can the citizenry in a democratic-based society, so unaware of the facts, pressure their leaders for change?

One of the primary reasons why such metric forecasts are covered up falls squarely on government policy itself whereby government has mandated itself as babysitter in chief with

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

policies that specify everything must be done to reassure the American people all is well—virtually every major government agency has this requirement in their information release protocols so if new facts are considered too disturbing, they are redacted from official reporting.

Sadly, such policies actually harm the nation because they lull Americans into a false sense of security and undermine democratic forces—if the people are not well informed, they cannot pressure their leaders to embark on a change of course, thus the very fabric of the Republic is damaged through such government censorship policies.

Compounding the problem is our modern era news media system that remains focused on “for profit results” and generally opposes the expense of competent yet costly investigative journalism. The result is a news and news media system that affects superficial reporting and thus mass propaganda rather than playing their traditional public advocacy roll. In other words, the watchdogs of government are largely gone as companies have gravitated away from public stewardship and competent journalism standards—the sensational and proverbial ambulance chase, easy and inexpensive to produce, wins the bulk of air-time over the more costly investigative journalism story that uncovers foul play in government or industry—the public suffers while the news industry undermines democracy and the Republic.

As the jobless growth rate rises and impacts the nation and outcrops into a variety of harms on society while the journalism community fails to direct it’s resources on the issue, the result will be even more catastrophic on unsuspecting and uninformed American families—many will be caught off guard and unaware for this easily foreseeable future—many will not be adequately prepared and will thus place their families in needless danger, not having been alerted and warned ahead of time. Worst, most Americans, kept blinded to the oncoming realities, will ultimately fail to challenge the very policies and leaders that are causing the societal harms to occur in the first place—the dice roll snake eyes for families and the nation—all because of a breakdown in journalism standards and competency! [*citations are found in the full ATS report*]

Downward Economic Cycle Feeds Itself and Accelerates

With the growing national debt from deficit spending compounded by projected revenue shrinkages from a growing real unemployment factor that increasingly erodes consumption and thus GDP, government funding options will be greatly reduced and the monetary system induced to expand. This will exert more downward pressure on the dollar and higher inflation on basic necessities such as food and fuel, all working to install international dollar collapse—a nation default of the last Superpower. As the process continues, diminished worker/consumer buying capacity will translate into even lower consumption, which will, in turn, affect lower demand, more layoffs, lower GDP and catastrophic impacts on treasury revenues.

Those in the working sector will feel the increasing pressures of an ever-shrinking employment landscape filled with market uncertainty that also contribute to downward pressures on consumption and demand, thus imposing even more layoffs. All these factors and more will combine to deplete the national treasury and the nation’s ability to self-sustain economically (or within acceptable risk constructs for national security).

Service Job Sector Shrinks Consumption, GDP and Revenues

Returning back to our BLS unemployment analysis, there is a little good news for desperate workers who will increasingly take any job they can get their hands on. The BLS predicts that many new jobs will be in service-related industries, where low skills, low education and relatively easy job entry abound (along with very low pay), which will help many unemployed find employment. The bad news is that these workers will be earning less than before (in most cases) and thus will have less discretionary income, hence must consume less, thereby contributing less to demand, less to business growth, and less to government revenues.

Federal Bankruptcy and Mass Secession Now Foreseeable

Given the current reckless federal policies on debt, deficits, unemployment, immigration, news censorship, not to mention issues such as unfunded liabilities in Social Security, Medicare, or the \$1+ trillion per year estimated “real cost” expected to be added to the budget deficit to meet the new healthcare law and “real” cost projections that begin in 2014,²² as well as numerous other trends, the nation is undeniably headed for complete bankruptcy sometime in the 2020s, if not sooner [*see facts cited in ATS*].²³

States should begin formal preparations for the federal government’s collapse and the real possibility of forced secession from the union as an act of self-preservation toward societal stability and avoiding major civil unrest or decay. Transitions back to full sovereignties (complete with coining nation-state money) now will help greatly reduce the negative impacts felt by the citizenry if such a federal government collapse comes. By having such plans in place well ahead of time and making such plans well known publicly, a great deal of confidence can be restored to the state’s citizenry toward letting them understand that the fall of the federal government is not expected by would otherwise not be the end of the world either. States should work toward the installation of state-nation pride to promote societal stability within the greater landscape prior to any turmoil that might come. So long as states fully prepare themselves and citizens for such a contingency transition as a prudent insurance policy—hoping the transition will never be needed—societal stability is controlled and enhanced, if not fully assured. Yet states that fail to make such contingency preparations risk their own collapse and fall alongside the federal government as civil decay unfolds. [*More on this issue is discussed in the full study*].

Multi-Head Hydra Of Threats

A depleted treasury by a falling workforce does not bode well for our national security. As we have shown [*elsewhere in the study*], the US is currently facing a multi-head hydra of enemy threats: foreign states, domestically infiltrated, government and industry infiltrated, supra-national organizations, ally posers, billionaire class secessionist and terrorists, a growing global Caliphate, traditional terrorists groups, One World Government operatives, and more—most-all

²² Cuckler, Andrew J. Madison, Joseph M. Lizonitz and Sheila D. Smith
Sean P. Keehan, Andrea M. Sisko, Christopher J. Truffer, John A. Poisal, Gigi A.,
National Health Spending Projections Through 2020: Economic Recovery And Reform
(Health Affairs, 2011) At: <http://content.healthaffairs.org/content/early/2011/07/27/hlthaff.2011.0662.full.pdf+html>

²³ Dr. Ron Paul (R, Senator) has repeatedly told Americans to prepare for complete financial collapse of our economy and dollar due to our high debt and basic yet multiple pitfalls in US policies—there is no shortage of economists (or US citizens now) who agree with his viewpoint.

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

now known to have capabilities to exploit current national security weaknesses—all with the ability to perpetrate acts projected to outcrop into total nation collapse, according to experts.

Yet all that stands between these real and often little known threats and the collective safety of the American people and their country is the US workforce and its ability to keep the treasury well fed. Without a robust treasury, the national security apparatus cannot reasonably be maintained. The addition of more debt to pay for security will eventually translate into full-scale collapse either by runaway hyper-inflation or dollar collapse or other economic outcrops.

At a time when this study [*elsewhere*] is recommending the doubling in size of the Federal Bureau of Investigations (FBI) toward rooting out dangerous enemies now fully documented inside or near key positions, offices or agencies of the US government and within our nation's financial community, the well being and growth of the treasury has become extra critical just at a time when high and rising unemployment is threatening to deplete it. In any case, it is imperative the nation root out systemic problems and criminal players inside and near the Beltway and make corrective actions toward higher employment quickly if America hopes to survive in tact and not otherwise be divided up into its less powerful nation-state parts.

Service Sector Growth Trend Harmful To GDP

During the 1950s, manufacturing represented 30% of all US jobs while the service sector held 63%.²⁴ Today, service is now 86% with manufacturing holding onto a bleak 9%—the US has lost 21% of its top economic performance class to substantially downgrade GDP, hence tax revenues.²⁵ This is because manufacturing provides one of the top economic output streams to our nation, which spreads greater amounts of wealth into our economy and helps to raise over-all wage levels (including wages in service sectors where manufacturing workers consume greater services and thus push up demand and wages there as well).

To understand the extreme value manufacturing has for our economy and why it is vitally important to re-grow this sector at all costs, we need only compare it to other industries and see their far smaller impacts on our nation's wealth / GDP, hence treasury.

Each worker in the retail industry only contributes about \$70k per year to the US economy but a manufacturing worker adds \$370,000 per year; hence for each job transferred from manufacturing to retail, our GDP loses about \$300,000 in wealth output per year. The shrinking of our manufacturing base—due largely to unfair competition designed into “free trade” and globalism—has had a significant negative impact on our nation's well being and tax revenues.²⁶

At \$4.4 trillion in total sales, manufacturing is by far the biggest income generator in our nation, despite a fairly rapid decline in employment (manufacturing has slipped to fourth in overall employment). Despite these trends, manufacturing still manages to far outperform all other industries in terms of pure income creation... Again, here's the

²⁴ Robison, Hank, *Why We Can't Shun Manufacturing for the Service Sector* New Geography, March 17, 2011) At: <http://www.newgeography.com/content/002128-why-we-can%E2%80%99t-shun-manufacturing-service-sector>

²⁵ *ibid*

²⁶ *ibid*

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

*thing to note: sectors like manufacturing that generate more income per worker have much bigger ripple effects, creating much more impact in a region while helping to raise wages in lower-productivity service sectors.*²⁷

—Dr. Hank Robison, Senior Economist for Economic Modeling Specialist

Meanwhile, manufacturing continues to hemorrhage jobs to overseas markets.²⁸

Pro-Globalism Leaders Are Killing American Workers

While this study does not seek to root out all systemic problems to higher unemployment, we would direct the reader to review *The Race To The Bottom, Why A Worldwide Worker Surplus and Uncontrolled Free Trade Are Sinking American Living Standards* by Alan Tonelson. The work clearly documents how US Free Trade policies and treaties are not designed to open up new markets for US goods but instead to open up transnational corporate access to manufacturing in foreign nations where labor is far cheaper—in other words, our trade policy is specifically designed to put US workers out of work.²⁹

It is clear that US businesses and workers are being discriminated against by US leaders and their respective trade policies that invoke a highly unfair playing field installed in the tenets of “free trade” and globalism. To better understand this reality we will offer a brief example.

Let’s look at a company in Alabama that makes toasters (Company A) and another one in California that makes a competing toaster (Company C) and finally a company in Wuhan, China that makes yet another toaster (Company W). When company A and C compete, the playing field is almost level. Both Alabama and California (the company’s base of operations) have large investments in their infrastructure (electrical grid, highway systems, sewers, water, phone, etc.), social systems, environmental protections and not too dissimilar employment laws, insurance requirements, etc. Each state offers a business climate and a set of advantages and disadvantages as well as inherent costs associated with doing business in the state, including tax impacts. The same competitive and underlying cost of doing business, as a rule, exists between most companies competing with other companies inside their country’s (or states or regions) sovereign borders; however, that all changes when companies compete globally rather than domestically.

The company in Wuhan, China gains a major competitive advantage over the two companies in the US if trade barriers (designed to level the playing field by placing a tax on imported goods with unfair market advantages) are not installed, as is the case with modern globalism and free trade. Here’s why...

Company W operates in a country very different from Company A and C. In China, the nation has invested far less in: infrastructure (electrical grid, highway systems, sewers, water, phone,

²⁷ Robison, Hank, *Why We Can’t Shun Manufacturing for the Service Sector* New Geography, March 17, 2011) At: <http://www.newgeography.com/content/002128-why-we-can%E2%80%99t-shun-manufacturing-service-sector>

²⁸ Staff, Economic Report To The President (Council of Economic Advisors, 2004) At: http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/publications/erp/issue/1698/download/7523/erp2004_chapter2.pdf

²⁹ Tonelson, Alan, *The Race To The Bottom, Why A Worldwide Worker Surplus and Uncontrolled Free Trade Are Sinking American Living Standards* (Westview Press, 2000) pg XXIII At: <http://www.questia.com/library/book/the-race-to-the-bottom-why-a-worldwide-worker-surplus-and-uncontrolled-free-trade-are-sinking-american-living-standards-by-alan-tonelson.jsp>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

etc.), social systems, environmental protections and more, thus there are far less tax impacts or demands on businesses. And employment laws and insurance requirements are much lower, as are wage requirements. And Company W does not have to comply with certain prohibited chemical restrictions that were long ago incorporated for worker and environmental safety in the United States.

What this all means is that Company W has an unfair market advantage—it can dump its manufacturing toxins in the river and out to sea rather than have to pay for environmental clean-up that would otherwise be required by Company A or C. It also means Company W is not competing with Company A and C on a level playing field of other base cost impacts, such as the country's infrastructure investment, hence taxes to pay for such. These and other costs have to be added to product or service costs—cost added by Company A and C but not incurred by Company W. Thus Company W enjoys marketing its products or services against US made products using an unfair advantage over its competitors in the US market—in fact, Company W is being rewarded for violating all the laws that Company A and C are required to comply with—the American consumer thus buys a toaster from Company W and directly helps pollute the environment by sustaining such an anti-environment player in the market.

If the US allows foreign products or services into its market without exacting tariffs designed to offset foreign market advantages (level the playing field) like those exemplified by Company W, then it embarks on nation dismantling by offering a distinct unfair competitive advantage to foreign companies over those of domestic ones. The government creates an unfair competitive playing field and thus undermines itself by undermining US manufactures and putting them out of business—the result is far less contributions to GDP and thus revenues to the treasury.

Thus the very act of leaders supporting “free trade” without demanding compensating tariff balances that level the playing field for all competitors becomes an issue beyond economics and directly involving national security.

While it is true that consumers will enjoy lower costs toasters from Company W, which enjoys tariff free access to the US market under free trade or globalism policies, it is also true that each toaster purchased by US consumers: 1) removes capital and labor demand from the market, and 2) contributes to destroying the environment (rivers, seas, ocean, planet eco system), 3) while undermining contributions to GDP and the treasury. In other words, the US consumer bypasses the environmental protections it once demanded in order to gain lower cost goods and services while undermining US worker/jobs and helping to destroy the global environment—and as they buy more, they accelerate the demand for such environmental pirates and discourage domestic businesses from starting and hiring new employees. This is called the “race to the bottom”.

Of course, there are other aspects of this complex issue not reviewed here, such as countries like China and India encouraging child labor, human rights abuses, and so forth—all of which impact product or service costs and undermine US companies that cannot impose such deplorable standards and would not if they could.

As we have seen, the consistent undermining of employment and the manufacturing base is having a significant and growing impact on the treasury's ability to maintain itself.

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

Because the overriding interest of U.S. trade policy is to advance the economic interests of the great majority on the American people and the long-term security and prosperity of the United States, Americans should feel no special obligation to import goods or services from third-world, or indeed any other, countries. Such imports are especially unacceptable if they sacrifice the interests of American workers and domestic companies.³⁰ —US Business and Industry Council

Economist and pro-US manufacturing advocate Alan Tonelson notes this in a 2002 article entitled, *The Race to the Bottom Speeds Up*:

Today's version of globalization is portrayed as the ultimate anti-poverty weapon because it promises to raise worldwide living standards by using free market forces. Indeed, this version of globalization foresees turning the third world's poverty-stricken masses into robust consumers. Therefore, rather than representing competitors for workers in the wealthy countries, they will become customers.

The ideas and observations behind "the race to the bottom" explain why this thinking is pie-in-the-sky. Specifically, as precious investment capital becomes free to roam the world in search of the lowest costs, the greatest efficiencies, and the highest rates of return, governments everywhere will feel powerful pressure to lure that capital by offering the cheapest workers and the weakest regulations protecting health, safety, and the environment.³¹

It sounds like America is well advanced toward meeting this new global "low living standard" as it imports mass poverty, low wage workers, devalues current workers and their wages, and seeks to encourage less regulation in the name of global competition as much of it large companies shift production and finance offshore.

Globalism or free trade that drops fair trade tariffs and avoids leveling the playing field for foreign competitors in domestic markets works to undermine the economic fabric and domestic worker demand, effectively shifting jobs, such as those in the manufacturing sector, overseas.³² This in turn increases unemployment or shifts employment from higher paying industries (like manufacturing) to lower skilled, lower GDP contributing service-based industries where the worker is required to be present inside the country in which outputs are provided.

It is clear that globalism and the Mad Uncle Sam Congress's approach to trade and globalism is diametrically opposed to the wellbeing of US workers and business—the model and economist that promotes consumption as a base for measuring economic progress while failing to understand the foundational value of the worker-as-consumer or worker-as-debt-consumer-due-to-low-or-nonexistent-job-or-wages is fundamentally flawed and warped. Our consumer based

³⁰ Kearns, Kevin L., Tonelson, Alan, and Hawkins, William, *To Save American Manufacturing: USBIC'S Plan For American Industrial Renewal* (US Business and Industry Council, Jan 29, 2004) At: http://americaneconomicalert.org/USBIC_Save_American_Manufacturing_Jobs_Plan.pdf

³¹ Tonelson, Alan, *The Race to the Bottom Speeds Up* (American Economic Alert, Mar 25, 2002) At: http://www.americaneconomicalert.org/view_art.asp?Prod_ID=403

³² Staff, *Economic Report To The President* (Council of Economic Advisors, 2004) At: http://fraser.stlouisfed.org/publications/erp/issue/1698/download/7523/erp2004_chapter2.pdf

society does not exist without a strong worker-wage-earner class able to purchase consumption and thus keep our economic engine going.

Yet unsophisticated Americans and unsophisticated leaders continue to blindly embrace globalism and free trade much like a mouse enjoys the embrace of a hungry cobra—our nation-eyes are starting to pop from the economic squeeze-pressure but by the time we see our mistakes and demand corrective courses, it will be too late.

Advanced Education Job Sector Faces Unmet Worker Demands

More bad news comes from the BLS analysis that about a third of all new jobs projected for 2018 will require advanced education and training.³³ This comes at a time when college costs are outpacing inflation and becoming less affordable.³⁴

Compounding the problem is the growing student loan default rates that are rising due to a weakening economy.³⁵ Many students who enter college with the American Dream on their mind often fail and find themselves stuck in an American Nightmare instead. The student loan default rate for May 2011 was 8.9 percent, the highest level in 13 years, according to the U.S. Department of Education.³⁶

Due to the fact US Bankruptcy Courts have embraced judicial lawmaking over ethics and bankruptcy code, and because Congress itself has allowed the oppression to continue unabated, most students are denied relief from their student loans even after a decade or more of falling on hard times. The result is a growing awareness among students that college is a dangerous crapshoot. If things do not go as planned, student loan debts become lifelong servitude the government and constant terrorization by a ruthless debt collector, Department of Education and in some, the Internal Revenue Service. The result of the well founded fear is that many students are deliberately avoiding college because the risks for failure are just too high—permanent oppression and slavery to the federal government through student loan debts.

The Department of Education actually has equally ominous police powers to that of the IRS—they can garnish wages, confiscate bank accounts, and even attach Social Security and disability payments from students, all without court orders or any form of due process.³⁷ In some cases, the

³³ Staff, *Employment Projections: 2008-2018 Summary* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec 10, 2009) At: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ecopro.nr0.htm>

³⁴ Baum, Sandy and Ma, Jennifer, *Trends in College Pricing 2010* (College Board Advocacy And Policy Center,) At: http://trends.collegeboard.org/downloads/College_Pricing_2010.pdf

³⁵ Staff, *Student Loan Default Rates At Record Highs* (Your Community Your News, Jun 20 2011) At: <http://www.cnjonline.com/articles/student-43827-loan-told.html> AND Congressional Research Service, *Student Loans in Bankruptcy* (Open CRS, July 26, 2007) RS22699 At: <http://openers.com/document/RS22699/> AND Glickman, Jane, *Student Loan Default Rates Increase: Borrowers At For-Profit Schools Represent Large and Growing Share of Loan Defaults* (US Department of Education, Sept 13, 2010) At: <http://www.ed.gov/news/press-releases/student-loan-default-rates-increase-0>

³⁶ Staff, *Student Loan Default Rates At Record Highs* (Your Community Your News, Jun 20 2011) At: <http://www.cnjonline.com/articles/student-43827-loan-told.html>

³⁷ Stewart, Chuck (P.h.D.) *Bankrupt Your Student Loans and Other Discharge Strategies* 3rd Ed, (AuthorHouse, Sept 16, 2009) At: Amazon AND 1st Ed at:

http://books.google.com/books?id=FEWOHysBzccG&pg=PA68&lpg=PA68&dq=Bankrupt+Your+Student+Loans+and+Other+Discharge+Strategies+3rd+Ed&source=bl&ots=q4kGaSaoiQ&sig=GHUDuKcDBzhlbiJDqO0N1j9EE8k&hl=en&ei=FnUjToajOYf6sAOtMFI&sa=X&oi=book_result&ct=result&resnum=3&ved=0CCIQ6AEwAg#v=onepage&q=Bankrupt%20Your%20Student%20Loans%20and%20Other%20Discharge%20Strategies%203rd%20Ed&f=false

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

federal government has pursued college students well past their retirement age and attached the meager checks retirees get from Social Security—people who failed to make the grade and who are usually of the poor class to begin with—people age 60, 70 or even 80 or more have been victims of this little known Nazi-like system that students are quickly becoming aware of today as they question the value-benefits of the college system.³⁸

In a Pew Research study, only 22% of those surveyed said college was within reach financially, a drop from 39% just 25 years earlier.³⁹ As a result we are seeing a disturbing trend of students avoiding college altogether and this does not bode well for America's future workforce needs.

So while the workforce contends with declining job and affordable education opportunities and the respective shrinking consumer-based economy, it is also being hit by disincentives by government to improve and thus become more productive members of society to meet the future job market needs—new job demands that will be hungry for the higher educated worker.

What this ultimately means for the future post-secondary educated job sector is that many of the emerging job openings projected by the BLS will likely go unfilled—unless more immigrants are brought in—which will only exasperate and accelerate the nation's overall problems and increase the treasury drain and threat to our national security.

...The projections show an aging and more racially and ethnically diverse labor force, and employment growth in service-providing industries. More than half of the new jobs will be in professional and related occupations and service occupations. In addition, occupations where a postsecondary degree or award is usually required are expected to account for one-third of total job openings during the projection period.⁴⁰

—Bureau of Labor Statistics

Let's add to our worker-consumer formula:

Workers
(+) high pay
(=) more consumer spending power
(=) larger consumption / more robust economy (higher GDP)

We can also write a converse formula:

Workers
(+) low pay

³⁸ Stewart, Chuck (P.h.D.) Bankrupt Your Student Loans and Other Discharge Strategies 3rd Ed, (AuthorHouse, Sept 16, 2009) At: Amazon AND 1st Ed at: http://books.google.com/books?id=FEWOHysBzcgC&pg=PA68&lpg=PA68&dq=Bankrupt+Your+Student+Loans+and+Other+Discharge+Strategies+3rd+Ed&source=bl&ots=q4kGaSaoiQ&sig=GHUDuKcDBzhlbiJDqO0N1j9EE8k&hl=en&ei=FnUjToajOYf6sAOtMFI&sa=X&oi=book_result&ct=result&resnum=3&ved=0CCIQ6AEwAg#v=onepage&q=Bankrupt%20Your%20Student%20Loans%20and%20Other%20Discharge%20Strategies%203rd%20Ed&f=false

³⁹ Cohn, D'Vera, et al, *Is College Worth It? College Presidents, Public Assess Value, Quality and Mission of Higher Education* (Pew Research Center, May 16, 2011) At: <http://pewsocialtrends.org/2011/05/15/is-college-worth-it/> AND <http://pewsocialtrends.org/files/2011/05/higher-ed-report.pdf>

⁴⁰ Staff, *Employment Projections: 2008-2018 Summary* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec 10, 2009) At: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ecopro.nr0.htm>

(=) *less consumer spending power*
(=) *smaller consumption / shrinking economy (lower GDP)*

Therefore, we can see that if we have a pool of workers, say 15% of the total workforce, earning 1/3 less than they used to because they had to transition into the service industry from manufacturing, that those workers are going to depress our economy from it's higher economic output levels. With less money in their pocket, worker-consumers must consume less, thus the demand for goods and services must also shrink, hence employers will be forced to layoff even more workers and unemployment will again rise.

This is known as downward employment cycle and it tends to feed on itself and pickup speed as it goes. We may actually be seeing the makings of 30% or even 40% unemployment in the US beyond the early 2020s as the downward cycle trend accelerates.

Outsourcing and Offshoring Impacts

The issue of Outsourcing and Offshoring is one of US policy and outright greed by corporations and others. This testimony before Congress in 2003 does a solid job of summing up the issues:

We are very alarmed at the recent trend of outsourcing of white collar and information technology jobs. This trend, which is clearly accelerating, is affecting workers all over the country, at every income and education level. Technology companies are laying off American workers from high-paying desirable jobs while they add thousands of jobs overseas. Corporations are shifting jobs in call centers, accounting, engineering, computer, and financial services offshore, among others. Some local and state governments have even begun to outsource administrative jobs, which is an outrageous misuse of taxpayers' dollars.

The surge of outsourcing can be traced to the explosion in the last five years of H1-B and L-1 visas which saw in excess of over million foreign guest workers enter the U.S. As they developed their core competencies in high tech and other fields they have returned home and taken these and future white collar and other jobs with them.

Based on a survey of the world's 100 largest financial services firms, Deloitte Research found that these companies expect to shift \$356 billion worth of operations and about two million jobs to low-wage countries over the next five years. Forrester Research Inc. predicts that American employers will move about 3.3 million white-collar service jobs and \$136 billion in wages overseas in the next 15 years, up from \$4 billion in 2000. The use of cheaper foreign labor has already had a negative impact on U.S. wages in certain sectors. According to Sharon Marsh Roberts, chair of the government relations committee of the Independent Computer Consultants Association, outsourcing has forced down hourly rates by 10 percent to 40 percent for many U.S. computer consultants.

Outsourcing may also have a disproportionate impact on African Americans, who are already under-represented in high-tech fields, according to the Coalition for Fair Employment in Silicon Valley. From 1998 to 1999, black engineering employment in the Pacific states dropped 20%, according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. And African-

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

American-owned technology firms will lose opportunities to compete for government contracts if more of them go overseas.

If these trends continue to accelerate, we will see even more dramatic job loss and wage erosion affecting workers throughout the income scale. This will severely impact the wages and job security of the American middle class, in addition to depriving state, local, and federal governments of tax revenues. Policymakers must recognize and acknowledge the severity of the problem and act quickly to stem the job loss.⁴¹

*—Testimony of Paul Almeida Before the U.S. House of Representatives
Committee on Small Business On the Globalization of White Collar Jobs*

Given that unemployment levels in the US are clearly reaching the point of impacting our national security, such corporate and government policies that embrace Outsourcing and Offshoring represent pure anti-Americanism—leaders who push and support such policies clearly seek to undermine the nation’s ability to table a strong workforce and standard of living as well as revenue stream to the treasury, thus by default seek to undermine our national defense and the well being of the nation economically. Anyone projecting globalism and free trade’s support should be viewed with the strongest possible eye of skepticism, if not disdain—all should be ousted from the halls of corporate and government leadership and policymaking.

Realizing Government Colors Truth And Undermines Democracy

When we review the BLS statement, we see an agency projecting optimism rather than seeking truth:

The projected growth for the 2008-18 period is larger than the increase of 10.4 million over the 1998-2008 period, or 7.4 percent. The relatively slow growth rate for the earlier 10-year period was affected by the recession which began in December 2007, and the projected growth rate is higher than would otherwise be expected because the 2008 starting point is a recession year.⁴²

—Bureau of Labor Statistics

This continued focus on public appeasement is one created by government policy that mandates that the population, at all times, not be overly disrupted—a policy that constantly feeds a highly censored approach to public data and information that is diametrically opposed (at its root level) to an open democratic society; the collective of voters that seek self-determination and direction are thus stifled by the lack of quantity and quality of sound information and a news system that increasingly fails to maintain government accountability.

Government sees its job as painters of shades of truth. The public, if it is to maintain its liberty and democracy, must see itself as the investigators of fictions whose job it is to expose bad or manipulative government and to bring down houses of propaganda and replace them with sound

⁴¹ Almeida Paul, *Testimony of Paul Almeida Before the U.S. House of Representatives Committee on Small Business On the Globalization of White Collar Jobs* (Department of Professional Employees AFL-CIO, June 18, 2003) At: <http://dpeaflcio.org/archives/policy-letters-and-statements/testimony-of-paul-almeida-before-the-u-s-house-of-representatives-committee-on-small-business-on-the-globalization-of-white-collar-jobs/>

⁴² Staff, *Employment Projections: 2008-2018 Summary* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Dec 10, 2009) At: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/ecopro.nr0.htm>

news and watchdog journalism so they can get the facts they are entitled to and need to maintain their nation in good stead.

US Business Stopped Labor Farming—Why?

There has been a growing trend in the US whereby major employers have been less willing in current years than in decades past to help farm their own workforces in preparation for their industry's or company's future needs. For example, major employers used to work hand in hand with many colleges and offer select students impressive grants, work study, and more to help ensure their own industry and worker needs of the future.

When did US business and federal policy makers that helped encourage such symbiotic systems of education and business working hand in hand suddenly become so opposed to helping their fellow Americans and themselves?

Today, employers tend to apply a purely capitalistic approach to their industry, preferring to find replacement workers, even imported ones, rather than helping Americans enter into their industry or company starting from an early stage (a process known as *future worker farming*). Today's employer is far more dog-eat-dog and unwilling to invest in their workforce and the result has been that American workers who become obsolete are now tossed aside permanently in lieu of replacement workers—often workers from offshore or imported via work visas or even illegal aliens or workers scalped from other companies are preferred over helping American workers upgrade their skills—why? Why has it become passé to be loyal to America and its overall economic well being by ensuring workers are treated fairly and aided to improve their skills or to enter new work assignments or sectors by American companies?

The result is that American workers are marginalized by US companies. The education system has also been dusted aside and left to its own devices—American business continue to forsake future worker farming and thus forsake critical inputs and support for education as key players in the once noble process of American-self-improvement. This has created even more workers unable to rise in the ranks of the workforce and has helped sustained a cut-throat atmosphere among American companies who increasingly appear emboldened to seek the replacement worker over the farmed worker or trained worker.

While we do not investigate these issues here in depth, we mention them as worthy of further inspection. The current “replacement worker” system mentality in the US among American companies is not only unethical, but at its root core it is genuinely anti-American because it devalues the American worker and places a higher value and set of benefits on the foreign worker. When businesses fail to reinvest in their community, in their workforces, in their nation, they then become prostitutes unworthy of the American label and thus undeserving of the benefits of being based in America.

The Immigration Factor

As we have shown, issues of immigration are now a leading factor in the nation's growing unemployment rate so let's take a little time to investigate this aspect to see it's underlying problems and what might be done to solve them.

A Nutshell History On Immigration

Regulated immigration has been with us since the late 1800s but earnest creation and enforcement of immigration laws did not arise until the end of WWI. Immigration regulation was meant to protect the nation and regulate who America welcomed and did not as a way to ensure the country's betterment and future on the whole. Cultural diversity or allowing people of non-American-root European cultures to immigrate to the US was seen as unhealthy because such cultures were too alien and disruptive to the foundational roots of American society and its respective value systems and collective culture—the very same ideals that created a Superpower.

Restriction proceeded piecemeal over the course of the late 19th and early 20th centuries, but immediately after the end of World War I (1914-1918) and into the early 1920s, Congress did change the nation's basic policy about immigration. The National Origins Act in 1921 (and its final form in 1924) not only restricted the number of immigrants who might enter the United States but also assigned slots according to quotas based on national origins. A complicated piece of legislation, it essentially gave preference to immigrants from northern and western Europe, severely limited the numbers from eastern and southern Europe, and declared all potential immigrants from Asia to be unworthy of entry into the United States.

The legislation excluded the Western Hemisphere from the quota system, and the 1920s ushered in the penultimate era in U.S. immigration history... This era, which reflected the application of the 1924 legislation, lasted until 1965. During those 40 years, the United States began to admit, case by case, limited numbers of refugees...because their plight moved the conscience of Americans, but the basic immigration law remained in place.

...This all changed with passage of the Hart-Celler Act in 1965, a by-product of the civil rights revolution and a jewel in the crown of President Lyndon Johnson's Great Society programs. ...The law replaced the quotas with preference categories based on family relationships and job skills, giving particular preference to potential immigrants with relatives in the United States and with occupations deemed critical by the U.S. Department of Labor.⁴³ —America.Gov

Today's immigration system is open to just about anyone and as this study has shown [elsewhere], even being a terrorist is not cause enough for immigration officials to prevent one from legally immigrating to the US (regardless of current laws otherwise). Essentially, the US currently has no discernable admittance standards and predominantly welcomes immigrants from

⁴³ Diner, Hasia, *Immigration and U.S. History* (American Government Archive, Feb 13, 2008) At: <http://www.america.gov/st/diversity-english/2008/February/20080307112004ebyeessedo0.1716272.html>

the Third World rather than First World nations much like a house painter might allow anyone, with any color paint or brush to work on a house—no uniformity, only a chaos look!

Devaluing Immigrants With Less Corruptive, High Cultural Value Systems

As a rule, most people and scholars alike would agree that the lower a country's corruption and poverty level, the higher its culture and collective value systems. After all, humans seek to create society and civilization (rule of law, etc.) in order to improve their collective lot in life, otherwise we would have remained hunter-gathers making war on each other's tribe at the drop of a bone.

If we accept the first statements as true, then the reverse must also hold true. Societies with higher corruption and higher poverty have lower cultures and lower collective value systems.

Today, one of the major problems with our immigration system is that the lion's share of immigrants is no longer coming from other First World nations or from nations that share our common values or beliefs. Instead, most of today's immigrants are coming from Third World societies with high corruption, hence lower value systems. What this clearly shows is that the US immigration system no longer considers immigration's root culture in the selection process.

Immigration has been completely devalued in the US not only from a root culture basis toward impacts on our society and its upward or downward trend of values on aspects of corruption, but as a factor of our nation's success. We no longer seek out or demand the highly educated, highly trained, highly innovative immigrant with First World cultural value system imbued in their adult make-up—people who can help raise our collective core values and society to higher levels in all key areas of national need, including economically.

Third World nations are typically nations with high corruption and poverty rates so it's unfair to think that these types of adult immigrants will come to the US and leave their cultures and values at the door. They will have influence on society. The question for immigration policy makers is do we want to encourage Third World influences and dilute our collective values or do we want to encourage First World influences instead? Do we want the educated adult immigrant or the non-educated one? Who will help the community treasure chest and who will suckle off it for most of their life? Who benefits our nation and who does not—and if they do not, do we need to take them in and if so why—and can their negative influence be marginalized by greatly lowering their numbers? Or should there be no standard at all and should anything go?

Chain Migration = Drain Brain Nation

“Special interests” or “individual interests” of select family members has hijacked our immigration system so that it no longer serves the public or nation good on the whole.

...[We can see] the effect of Congress' decision since 1957 to prioritize the admission of non-nuclear, extended family members in U.S. immigration policy. By allowing each immigrant admitted to subsequently petition for the admission of parents, siblings and their families, and adult children and their families, Congress has put in place an immigration system that results in virtually unlimited chain migration.

One consequence of this policy—a consequence cited by the bipartisan Jordan Commission on Immigration Reform as a primary reason to eliminate chain migration categories—is the unrealistic expectations it creates on the part of literally hundreds of distant relatives of new immigrants to the United States. Because these distant relatives may eventually obtain a visa on the basis of the extended relationship, they come to see immigration as a right or entitlement. When they realize that they may, in fact, have to wait years for a visa to become available because of annual caps and per-country limits on several of the family-based immigration categories, many decide to come illegally,

*despite that the law requires them to wait in the home country.*⁴⁴ [Emphasis Added]

—Numbers USA

In 1993 President Clinton requested and set-up the bipartisan Jordan Commission that consisted of nine members—two each chosen by the Democrat and Republican leaders of the House and Senate and a Chair chosen by the Democrat White House—none of which were elected officials (politicians).⁴⁵ The report they tendered and its conclusions were data-based and reflected then what many researchers know to be true over a decade later. The issues of chain migration were thoroughly examined.

*... The Commission concluded that the present legal admission system be "shifted away from the extended family and toward the nuclear family and away from the unskilled and toward the higher-skilled immigrant" [Commission (1997), p. XVII]. To accomplish these changes, the Commission recommended the elimination of the existing family-based admission categories for adult unmarried sons and daughters of U.S. citizens; for adult sons and daughters of U.S. citizens; for adult, unmarried sons and daughters of legal permanent aliens; and for adult brothers and sisters of U.S. citizens.*⁴⁶

—Cornell University

Current Immigration Policy Attacks The Treasury And Poor

Due to the fact that our nation has so mismanaged our immigration system for decades, there is now many political hurdles required in order to meet the challenge of repairing the broken system that has become so harmful to tens of millions of Americans as the Democrat lead Jordan Commission study concluded.

Chief among the failings of our current immigration system is that it directly and indirectly harms the nation's poor or low educated workers. The study concluded that immigration numbers need to be dramatically reduced. And instead of favoring "special interest" or "family

⁴⁴ Staff, *Chain Migration Chart* (Numbers USA, taken June 5, 2011) At: <http://www.numbersusa.com/content/learn/issues/chain-migration/chain-migration-chart.html>

⁴⁵ Briggs, Vernon M., *The Report of the Commission on Immigration Reform (i.e. the Jordan Commission): A Beacon for Real Immigration Reform* (Cornell University, Jan 1, 2009) At: <http://digitalcommons.ilr.cornell.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1195&context=articles>

⁴⁶ *ibid*

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

interests”, immigration policies need to be redesigned to favor the national interests and the common good.⁴⁷

*The Jordan Commission concluded that for both efficiency and equity reasons major changes were required if prevailing immigration policy was to become congruent with the national interest. Adults without a high school education and those with only a high school diploma consistently have the highest levels of unemployment and the highest incidences of poverty. Almost two-thirds of the adult foreign-born population has less than a high school education or only a high school diploma.*⁴⁸ [Emphasis Added]

—Cornell University

In other words, America is importing poverty and ignorance, which means it is importing workers who compete against our own uneducated and poor in the job market, further lowering overall opportunities while increasing unemployment levels.

Another major problem with the US immigration system is that as we heavily importing Third World poverty immigrants who are slowly sucking the community treasure chest dry.

... The influx of illegal immigrants has effectively "imported about 10 million high school dropouts into the United States," said Robert Rector, a senior research fellow in welfare and family issues for the Washington, D.C.-based think tank [Heritage Foundation]... testified before the House Judiciary Committee [in 2006]...

*The National Academy of Sciences estimated that each immigrant will result in a \$100,000 net annual cost to taxpayers.*⁴⁹ —10 News, San Diego

A National Research Council study found “the fiscal impact of an immigrant with less than a high school education is -\$13,000” annually to taxpayers because such immigrants must depend on government subsidies to survive rather than a livable wage.⁵⁰

*... to maximize the positive contribution of immigration to public-sector budgets, [we need] policies favoring highly educated immigrants and not [to] admit immigrants over age 50.*⁵¹ —National Research Council

⁴⁷ Briggs, Vernon M., *The Report of the Commission on Immigration Reform (i.e. the Jordan Commission): A Beacon for Real Immigration Reform* (Cornell University, Jan 1, 2009) At:

<http://digitalcommons.ilr.cornell.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1195&context=articles>

⁴⁸ ibid

⁴⁹ Staff, *Report: Illegal Immigration Could Cost Taxpayers Trillions* (10 News, Aug 2, 2006) At:

<http://www.10news.com/news/9620142/detail.html>

⁵⁰ ibid

⁵¹ Smith, James P. and Edmonston, Barry (Editors), *The New Americans: Economic, Demographic, and Fiscal Effects of Immigration* (National Research Council: Panel on the Demographic and Economic Impacts of Immigration, Committee on Population and Committee on National Statistics Commission on Behavioral and Social Sciences and Education, National Academy Press, Washington, D.C., 1997) p. 12 At: <http://www.nap.edu/openbook.php?isbn=0309063566> AND http://www.nap.edu/openbook.php?record_id=5779&page=12

Population Growth Versus Immigration

What many people in government do not realize is that raising children is very expensive this day in age so economics (at the personal level) is playing a major role in restricting our population growth, which essentially flat. This might be a good thing except that government seems to feel populations are like businesses, they need to constantly grow. Thus immigration, like a water hose, has been turned on for decades and nobody has seen that it is flooding the flowers and killing the roots—policy makers have not asked themselves the question—what is stopping most Americans from having more children and how can the problem be solved—or does it need to be solved? Instead, their answer is injurious—higher and less scrutinized immigration, less opportunities for poor Americans, more debt and attacks on the treasury and eventually the stripping of national security.

Jobs Americans Will Do But Just Can't Have?

Do all unemployed Americans like to be unemployed because they really are unwilling to take on most jobs—are we really being forced to give jobs to immigrants and contraband labor because of lazy or unwilling Americans? Or could the opposite be true—could immigrants be taking away jobs before Americans can get their hands on them—as this study shows?

During the last five years, new immigrants have accounted for an overwhelming share of the growth in the number of employed persons in the United States. Native-born adults and established immigrants have been unable to capture much of the new employment opportunities that have been created in the nation since 2000. The number of employed persons in the civilian working-age (16 and over) population rose by 4.835 million between 2000 and 2005. During 2005, a total of 4.134 million new immigrants were working in the United States. New immigrants who entered the United States since 2000 and were still residing here during 2005 accounted for 86 percent of the total increase in employment in the nation over the 2000 to 2005 period. Native-born and established immigrants accounted for less than one-sixth of the total rise in civilian employment that occurred in the nation over the past five years. These findings differ by gender. Among men, new immigrants accounted for all of the rise in employment, as the total number of employed men in the nation increased by only 2.665 million while the number of employed new immigrant males was 2.767 million during 2005. For the first time since the end of World War II, there has been no gain in employment among native-born men over a five-year period.⁵² [Emphasis Added]

—Northwestern University / Center For Immigration Studies

The reality is that there is no need for immigration at this time, as it is clearly harming Americans and could easily be argued that it is directly attacking the constitutional rights of US workers by effectively denying them opportunity over that of foreigners whose past generations or themselves have not contributed to our nation's health or growth (at least not yet until after immigrating).

⁵² Sum, Andrew and Harrington, Paul and Khatiwada, Ishwar (Director, Associate Director and Associate respectively at the Center for Labor Market Studies, Northeastern University), *The Impact of New Immigrants on Young Native-Born Workers, 2000-2005* (Center For Immigration Studies, Sept 2006) At: <http://www.cis.org/articles/2006/back806.pdf>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

We also learn that while immigration is not needed for the health of our nation currently, our immigration policies are directly harming Americans by keeping them out of the workforce. And such policies clearly fail the nation on a whole—if the nation will need more secondary college graduates then why does our immigration system welcome the poor and non-educated rather than seeking to fill the national need with more educated immigrants?

Our nation's current immigration policies are imposing direct harms on US citizens in two major categories: 1) job consumption, and 2) wage devaluation:

Unfortunately, almost half the adult population of the United States has these same low levels of educational attainment. Except where there is "a compelling national interest" to do so (i.e., the admission of "immediate family members" such as spouses, minor children, and parents of U.S. citizens as well those of refugees), the Commission concluded that it makes no sense for economic efficiency reasons to add to this pool by admitting other would-be adult immigrants to this large low-skilled labor pool. Likewise, equity considerations also require that "a higher level of job protections should be made available to the most vulnerable in our society" [Commission (1997), p.8]. Since so many of the adult immigrant population are poorly educated, it is the poorly educated and unskilled citizen and permanent resident segment of the nation's work force who bear the brunt of the "unfair competition" of the existing immigration admission system and its massive abuse by illegal immigrants.⁵³ [Emphasis Added] —Cornell University

This report long ago showed us that our legal immigration system was directly harming our nation and the most vulnerable in our society—about half of the national workforce, irrespective of race, ethnicity or national origin. In other words, American policymakers were attacking, through institutionalization and carry-forward of harmful immigration policies, the unskilled or uneducated US workforce to the detriment of our entire nation—an attack that continues today!

Wage Devaluation Attacks The Poor Hardest

The wage devaluation for the poor and uneducated results because the labor pool exceeds the needs of the marketplace and continues to grow faster than does demand for such labor—thus employers can bid down the cost of labor as workers compete to find scarce jobs.

The major findings of the NRC [National Research Council] panel were that the educational attainment levels of post-1965 immigrants had steadily declined over the ensuing years. Consequently, foreign-born workers, on average, earn less than native-born workers and the gap between them was widening. The wages of immigrant workers from Latin America — who account for over half of the entire foreign-born population of the United States —were the lowest wages of all immigrant groups. ...The decline in both the skills and wages of the foreign-born population were attributed to the fact that most immigrants are coming from the poorer nations of the world where on average educational attainment levels, wages, and skill levels are far below those of the United States. Hence, as a consequence, the post-1965 immigrants have caused the low skilled

⁵³ Briggs, Vernon M., *The Report of the Commission on Immigration Reform (i.e. the Jordan Commission): A Beacon for Real Immigration Reform* (Cornell University, Jan 1, 2009) At: <http://digitalcommons.ilr.cornell.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1195&context=articles>

segment of the nation's labor supply to swell. That is to say, immigrant workers on average are lowering the wages of all workers, with wages of low skilled workers — citizen and non-citizen alike — being lowered the most...

*... the Commission recommended "the elimination of the admission category of unskilled workers" because the country already has a vast surplus of unskilled workers.*⁵⁴

—Cornell University

The problem with wage devaluation is compounded dramatically when it attacks the poor over the middle-class. For example, if a worker might normally receive \$12 per hour and now must accept \$10 per hour for the same job, they are hit with a whopping 17% wage reduction. If the same \$2 per hour hit occurs against a worker who makes \$32 per hour, they only feel a 6% wage reduction and are thus far more able to absorb the loss.

The chief beneficiaries of immigration, on the other hand, are the immigrants themselves whose wages are still higher in the United States than they are in their homelands and the U.S. employers who are able to hire them at depressed wage levels. The greatest losers are the native-born workers who are low skilled and the American taxpayers since the study also found that the fiscal costs of immigration (i.e., the public costs of health care, welfare, incarceration, and education) far exceed the amount of taxes paid by the foreign-born population, leaving the native-born population to pick up the considerable deficit.⁵⁵ [Emphasis Added] —Cornell University

A Pew Research study revealed that in 2009, 35% of all Black households had a zero or negative net worth, with Hispanics closely following at 31% and Whites at 11%.⁵⁶ This is consistent with the influx of poorly educated immigrants and contraband labor that have been continuing to swamp in and consume the employment opportunities of Blacks and Hispanics most of all.

Given that Congress, and by inference all White House Administrations since and including President Clinton, have known these facts (or easily had access to them and should have known these facts), we must ask ourselves why has our legal immigration policy been expanded instead of contracted since 1997 when the report came out? Why have more, not less, Third World, low skilled, and low educated workers been allowed into the US to compete for scarce jobs against our nation's poor? Has there been a deliberate intent to undermine the nation's well being by Capitol Hill and if so, why?

In a Federation for America Immigration Reform article, *Immigration and Job Displacement* (well worth reading), we find a brief sample of harms forced on US workers by contraband labor over the years.⁵⁷

⁵⁴ ibid

⁵⁵ ibid

⁵⁶ Kochhar, Rakesh and Fry, Richard and Taylor, Paul, *Wealth Gaps Rise to Record Highs Between Whites, Blacks and Hispanics* (Pew Research Center, July 26, 2011) At: http://pewsocialtrends.org/files/2011/07/SDT-Wealth-Report_7-26-11_FINAL.pdf

⁵⁷ Staff, *Immigration and Job Displacement* (Federation for America Immigration Reform, taken June 21, 2011) At: http://www.fairus.org/site/News2?page=NewsArticle&id=16983&security=1601&news_iv_ctrl=1017

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

Andrew Sum, director of the Center for Labor Market Studies at Northeastern University in Boston, says 56 percent of the rise in U.S. employment from 2000 to 2005 can be attributed to undocumented immigrants. In the same period, he says jobs disappeared for U.S.-born adults aged 16 to 24 and African-Americans without college degrees. "The greater the influx of illegal immigrants into any state, the greater the employment loss among people under the age of 35, particularly men without college degrees." The overabundance of unskilled labor in the U.S. has led to a 14.6 percent unemployment rate among high school dropouts in 2009.

One well-documented case of displacement happened in the tomato industry in the 1980s. A group of unionized legal border crossers picked the tomato crop for many years in San Diego County and were making \$4.00 an hour in 1980. In the 1980s, growers switched to a crew of illegal aliens and lowered the wage to \$3.35. Almost all the veteran workers who were unwilling to work at the reduced rate disappeared from the tomato fields.

Sometimes, recent immigrants themselves are the victims of displacement. In the raisin grape industry of California, Mestizos (the Spanish-speaking population of Mexico) were laid off and replaced with lower cost Mixtecs (the indigenous people of Mexico). According to a study of the industry, the Mixtecs "have driven the Mestizos out of the market."

...In the furniture industry, competition from immigrant-laden plants in Southern California closed all the unionized plants in the San Francisco area and removed natives from the workforce in favor of underpaid aliens.⁵⁸ [Emphasis Added] —FAIR

The article details far more wage devaluation and underhandedness by businesses seeking to exploit contraband labor at the expense of legitimate labor in order to increase profits than we explore here.

Considering that there are about 153.4 million workers in the US and over 21.9 million Americans looking for jobs while 45 million⁵⁹ Americans are consuming Food Stamps, we have to ask ourselves what is going on here—why is our immigration policy being allowed to undermine our workforce and harm so many American families—especially the poor who need out help the most?⁶⁰ Why is greed and corruption ruling both businesses and government policies that turn their head to mass exploitation and its ultimate harms on our collective workforce, hence national well being and ultimately our collective treasury and national security?

These logical, fact-based conclusions by the commission, which boiled down a great deal of hard data, are not popular truths for fringe groups in America that seek the installation of global government or subscribe to radical anti-Americanisms such as George Soros Open Society vision of a world without borders. And yet such groups continue to wield substantial influence in our government unions, education, and nonprofit community [*as discussed elsewhere*], which is

⁵⁸ Staff, *Immigration and Job Displacement* (Federation for America Immigration Reform, taken June 21, 2011) At: http://www.fairus.org/site/News2?page=NewsArticle&id=16983&security=1601&news_iv_ctrl=1017

⁵⁹ Staff, *Food Stamp Recipients* (US Debt Clock, taken June 21, 2011) At: <http://www.usdebtclock.org/>

⁶⁰ Staff, *US Debt Clock* (US Debt Clock.Org, taken June 5, 2011) At: <http://www.usdebtclock.org/>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

strongly influencing our policies and undermining our collective national security. The question is why are such harmful entities being given legitimacy and helping to mold the nation's demise when there are so few of them relative to the greater US population that does not embrace such radicalisms? The answer may reside in our media once again...

More News Media Culpability?

Given the realities of immigration and its impacts on our poor and over-all job environment, why is the mainstream press so positioned against the American worker and poor—especially our minorities? Why are open borders and unlawful immigration actively supported in our press? How come giant news corporations are not reporting the hard facts and drilling down on them for months at a time in the news cycle and questioning government, demanding accountability instead?

Anyone who seeks to investigate today's journalism community, especially broadcast journalism, will find it shoddy, unprofessional and lacking professionalism in nearly every way that counts. There is plenty of evidence to support the thesis that our nation's journalistic system has broken down and no longer serves the interests of our democracy.⁶¹

Once our dependable cop on the beat who worked competently and diligently to expose bad government and stick up for the underdog—the American worker—today's journalism community is clearly lacking—the question is why [*see the Media Section for more details*]. And bearing in mind the media's avoidance in exposing the entire systemic bias and bigotry built into our modern employment policy system, one that is sustained by Congress and the White House, we might be prompted to ask if today's news media and journalist community are actually highly racists—careful to keep the public eye off the ugly harms being pressed against the poor and minorities but especially our nation's Blacks—is slavery and the “company store” being ushered back into American landscape with the help of our journalist community today?

Civil Rights Being Eroded To Detriment Of All Americans

We would be remiss if we did not acknowledge research findings exposing the great harms policy makers are imposing on the Black community regarding the immigration issue. However, our view coincides with a 2010 Cornell University study that adequately exposes the ugliness pressed most severely on our nation's Black workers by legal and illegal immigration.⁶²

The willingness of policy makers to tolerate the presence of illegal immigrants in the nation's labor force exposes a seamy side of the nation's collective consciousness. Illegal immigrants—who themselves are often exploited even though they may not think so—are

⁶¹ Tonelson, Alan, *The Race To The Bottom, Why A Worldwide Worker Surplus and Uncontrolled Free Trade Are Sinking American Living Standards* (Westview Press, 2000) pg VIII At: <http://www.questia.com/library/book/the-race-to-the-bottom-why-a-worldwide-worker-surplus-and-uncontrolled-free-trade-are-sinking-american-living-standards-by-alan-tonelson.jsp> AND the case of CNN News (July 22, 2011) from the Capitol with a conversation between anchor and reporter stating that no deal on lifting the debt ceiling would result in default of debt payments, etc. (which was not factually accurate—not by a long shot—but did mislead viewers and sell a political position rather than state facts impartially). This sort of political advocacy and factual inaccuracy in reporting has become commonplace on virtually all news networks, local to national, and on any given day a researcher can find such errors with little effort wherever visual news appears regularly. See full ATS for additional references.

⁶² Briggs, Vernon M. (Jr), *Illegal Immigration: The Impact on Wages and Employment of Black Workers* (Cornell University IRL School, Aug 1, 2010) At: <http://digitalcommons.ilr.cornell.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1025&context=briggstestimonies>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

*allowed to cause harm in the form of unemployment and depressed wages to the most vulnerable workers in the American workforce. The continued reluctance by our national government to get illegal immigrants out of the labor force—and to keep them out—by enforcing the existing sanctions at the work site against employers of illegal immigrants is itself a massive violation of the civil rights of all low skilled workers in the United States and of low skilled black American workers in particular. Illegal immigrants have no right to work in the United States. In fact, they have no right to even be in the country. Enforcing our nation’s labor laws—including the protection of the legal labor force from the presence of illegal immigrant workers—is the civil rights issue of this generation of American workers.*⁶³ —Cornell University

Only a great nation could endure the social pains birthed during a racially divided millennia to spawn Civil Rights advances, in part, lead by one of history’s greatest orators and wise-men who gave us all a needed lesson in “right from wrong”—the legendary humanitarian Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Yet it seems Americans have forsaken his teachings and forgotten the roots of our great social struggles and are now willing to give away those hard-won gains that have, until recently, ensured mostly equality and respect for all—a mostly colorblind society now being lead back toward racial divides through economic oppression pushed by our government leaders.

Where is the strong debate about immigration’s tolls and great harms on our Black community? Where is the social, moral and ethical debates of civil rights standing against the systemic harms pressed by government onto the Black worker or the poor worker? Where is the moral outrage and lawsuits and marches in protest? Where is the wisdom of our new social leaders and the spirit of fight—the calls to see “right from wrong”? Did Dr. King Jr. teach us anything about vigilance to racial disparity and to work at fixing it constantly—especially for the benefit of Blacks in America so we could enjoy the great fruits as one people who realize we all bleed but one color—red-white and blue?

We might ask ourselves why the press does not haunt the first Black president in US history who appears so unwilling to help Blacks on this issue when the Black community has the highest poverty rate in the US and has struggled so boldly on this issue for decades?⁶⁴ There must be a reason but the question now is why is that question not being pressed? Are our presidents, especially when Black, given free rein now to trample over civil rights gains? When contraband labor consumes millions of jobs in this nation and many of our hardworking Black men and women are jobless, suffering to feed their families, why does the president support illegal immigration and high legal immigration when he knows those jobs are mostly being stolen from the Black community? Would a Black woman not take on a \$20 per hour meat packing job? Would a Black man not take on a \$2,000 per week job in the film industry or an \$18 an hour position in city maintenance—the very sort of jobs now consumed by contraband labor and an overflow of immigrants? [*support facts are cited in the main study*]

We do not engage in partisan politics here but instead seek to illustrate how our social leaders and constructs and news media have forsaken our values as a nation by not getting to the bottom

⁶³ .ibid

⁶⁴ Staff, *Poverty in the United States, Frequently Asked Questions* (National Poverty Center, taken June 5, 2011) At: <http://www.npc.umich.edu/poverty/>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

of these questions and so many more—obvious questions that demand answers if we are to protect our civil rights gains that made us a far better nation, people, and civilized society.

Silence Before The Slaughter

The lambs are usually quiet until they enter the slaughterhouse and see the other lambs upfront being put to the bloody knife but by the time they realize their own predicament, there is no longer a way to escape from the butcher's plan.

Americans in power of office, voice, news, influence of any kind, anywhere, must realize that we all bleed together—harm one of us, harm all of us—so we have got to start demanding answers from our leaders before it's too late. If the general citizenry is unwilling to come to the defense of its weakest element or segment in society, today our Black community, tomorrow the Jews et al, then how can it possibly survive when its strongest elements are later attacked—and later attacked they will be, says history—for once the stone crashes through the first window without compliant or strong defiance, it is not long before the horde is emboldened to storm the storefront and the shopkeeper's family, is it not? Did Hitler's Germany not teach us anything?

If we collectively say and do nothing, what is the next step...? Our leaders, now emboldened by our inactions, will they simply open the border and declare all the labor of the world to be handsomely welcomed into our lands, regardless the harms it presses on rich or poor, Black or Brown or Blue, etc.? Where does it end when we allow it to start?

Jordan Commission Opposed Amnesty

The Jordan Commission did not tell President Bill Clinton amnesty was a solution but instead suggested rigorous enforcement of our immigration laws—contrary to Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi or Congressmen Lois Gutierrez or Robert Menendez, or Senator John McCain and many others who have past pressed such inhumane ugliness against our nation's working poor with their undermining policies and bill proposals. For if one is not poor or Black or a minority American, one might not care if 10, 20, 30, or 50 million or more in contraband labor are sanctioned into the employment system by lawmakers proclaiming “amnesty” even though it would violate the US Constitution. However, given the direction the nation is headed economically, today's well-off could easily be tomorrow's poor or homeless—the wake up call is upon us all.

With respect to illegal immigration, the Commission acknowledged that "illegal immigration continues to be a problem." It recommended the enactment of a "comprehensive strategy" based on enhanced border management to prevent illegal entries; improved worksite enforcement of the ban on employment of illegal immigrants; and speedy removal of those illegal immigrants apprehended within the country [Commission (1997), p. 103]...

...The Commission also stated its adamant opposition "to the implementation of a large-scale" guest worker program for lesser-skilled and unskilled workers" [Commission (1997), p.94].⁶⁵ [Emphasis Added] —Cornell University

In other words, our laws need to be enforced and if not enforced as is, then beefed up to ensure enforcement occurs.

...the Jordan Commission articulated the standard that "a credible" immigration policy must meet if it is to truly serve the national interest: "people who should get in do get in; people who should not get in are kept out; and people who are judged deportable are required to leave" [Commission (1997, p.59)]. It cannot be said any better.⁶⁶ [Emphasis Added] —Cornell University

Eliminating Contraband Labor's To Boost "Real Employment"

As of March 2010, the Pew Research Center (using questionable data and methods, by their own admission), claimed there were 11.2 million illegal aliens in the US, of which 8 million are also working unlawfully [*working unlawfully typically involves the person committing two felonies, as clearly shown in the full ATS report but not explored here*].⁶⁷ Using all of our previous assumptions, if 8 million in contraband labor was suddenly removed from the market, here is how our current workforce would stack up today.

153.4 million current workforce
(-) 8 million contraband labor force
(=) 145.4 million adjusted total workforce

The number of "real unemployed" would receive a windfall.

21.9 million current unemployed
(+) 8 million newly employed to fill positions opened by contraband labor removal
(=) 13.9 million unemployed (2011)

Our adjusted "real unemployment rate", now 14%, would fall to 10%—in the right direction!

13.9 million unemployed
(/) 145.4 million adjusted workforce
(=) 10% adjusted "real unemployment rate" (2011)

Studies [*not examined here*] show such a move would have a dramatic positive effect on the treasury by: 1) replacing black market labor with legitimate labor that tends to be paid a higher

⁶⁵ Briggs, Vernon M., *The Report of the Commission on Immigration Reform (i.e. the Jordan Commission): A Beacon for Real Immigration Reform* (Cornell University, Jan 1, 2009) At: <http://digitalcommons.ilr.cornell.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1195&context=articles>

⁶⁶ *ibid*

⁶⁷ Passel, Jeffrey S. (Senior Demographer) and Chon, D'Vera (Senior Writer), *Unauthorized Immigrant Population: National and State Trends, 2010* (Pew Research Center, Feb 1, 2011) Overview At: <http://pewhispanic.org/reports/report.php?ReportID=133> AND Report At: <http://pewhispanic.org/files/reports/133.pdf>

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

wage, hence contributes more to tax revenues, 2) reduces the subsidies off the treasury that contraband workers currently suckles (as does the long-term unemployed).

The other obvious benefit that a removal of contraband labor would have if it occurred today is that it would have a positive effect on the future labor force size (assuming no new contraband labor could come in). The result would be a dramatically lower forecasted unemployment rate.

What Will It Take To Get America Working Again?

Sadly, the Congress and White House allowed legal (and illegal immigration) to dramatically rise since the Jordan Commission study came out. The US Census estimates about 25.2 million legal and illegal immigrants came in between 1990 and 2010.⁶⁸ During the 1980s and 90s there was significant job growth in the US that was more able to absorb excess immigrant labor, however, from 2000 to 2010 there was a net loss of over 1 million jobs—but immigrant labor did not stop flowing into the market.⁶⁹

According to the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (FRBA), the US needs to grow jobs at the rate of 1.35% annually simply to maintain legal population growth.⁷⁰ However, after study of the data, the FRBA calculated that the worker-base was different from the population base growth rate and therefore the job growth rate could be adjusted down to .9%.⁷¹

Using our 153.4 million worker base⁷² and the FRBA calculation of .9% (153.4 million workers x .9%), we get an adjusted total of 1.39 million new jobs needed each year to hit our magical break-even growth rate, or 115,833 new jobs each month. This does not include the number of new jobs needed to put the 21.9 million unemployed back to work.

In order to put our unemployed back on employment rolls over the next six years (toward meeting up with that BLS forecasted date of 2018), America would have to add another 3.65 million new jobs annually or 304,166 jobs per month. Here's what that looks like another way:

*115,833 jobs per month needed to match the current labor growth rate
(+) 304,166 jobs per month needed to put existing unemployed back to work
(=) 419,999 new jobs needed per month from Jan 2012 to Jan 2018*

If we assume there are 500,000 illegal aliens entering the US unlawfully every year, and only 67% of them work, this means the US needs an additional 335,000 new jobs annually or 27,916 monthly to meet the contraband labor demand. Our final adjusted total for new jobs needed to get all Americans back to work over the next six years is now a whopping 447,915 jobs per month! Add 1 million legal immigrants per year and we need another 83,333 jobs a month added

⁶⁸ Camarota, Steven A., *Immigration and Economic Stagnation: An Examination of Trends 2000 to 2010* (Center For Immigration Studies, Nov 2010) At: <http://www.cis.org/highest-decade>

⁶⁹ *ibid*

⁷⁰ Hotchkiss, Julie L., *Employment Growth and Labor Force Participation: How Many Jobs Are Enough?* (Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, Oct 2004) pg 2 At: <http://www.frbatlanta.org/filelegacydocs/wp0425.pdf>

⁷¹ Hotchkiss, Julie L., *Employment Growth and Labor Force Participation: How Many Jobs Are Enough?* (Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, Oct 2004) pg 2 At: <http://www.frbatlanta.org/filelegacydocs/wp0425.pdf>

⁷² Staff, *Labor Force Status Flows By Sex May 2011* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 2011) At: http://www.bls.gov/cps/cps_flows_current.pdf (Note: combines total employed and unemployed)

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

in to arrive at a grand total of 531,248 jobs each month that need to be created over the next 6+ years to get everyone working again!

The FDRA would say we are in major trouble! Why—simply because the most job growth on record in US history was nearly half that monthly and was a rarity, having only occurred twice.

In a historical context, creation of 300,000 jobs per month would be quite an accomplishment (see Figure 1). There are no years in recent history in which the U.S. economy has seen a creation of 300,000 jobs per month, every month. The years of 1984 and 1994 are the only years during which 300,000 jobs were added per month on average. The decade of the 1980s averaged a creation of 151,000 jobs per month and the 1990s averaged a creation of 181,000 jobs per month. Between January 2000 and August 2004, the U.S. economy has added 17,000 jobs per month on average.⁷³ [Emphasis Added]
—Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta

Job growth for May 2011 was 54,000.⁷⁴ That's about 477,248 jobs short of the monthly mark for our 6 year recovery plan if we want to hit our 2018 deadline. In fact, at the current job growth rate, we will permanently add millions of workers to our unemployment ranks and start creating a new Third World poverty class right here in America.

When we look back on the Jordan Commission's recommendation of immigration being dramatically cut, it now holds a new and more urgent perspective.

As a consequence of all of these proposed changes, the Commission recommended that a "modest reduction in the level of immigration" be made to "about 550,000 per year" (or by about 30 percent below the then existing ceiling in 1997 which remains the current ceiling in 2009) [Commission (1997, p. XIX)].⁷⁵ [Emphasis Added] —Cornell University

We can find fault in our own analysis for its simplicity but approaching the data from different directions with basic facts in hand allows us to see that the trend, when considering key factors of influence, shows us that “real” unemployment is going to dramatically escalate, which is opposite of what the government has told us.

We can also see that the job shrinkage rate and wage reduction process will continue to erode worker dollars in hand, hence worker-consumer consumption, market demand, GDP and revenues to our treasury—hence our budgets will be forced, ultimately, to cut major aspects in our national security and our enemies will see and flood in to end us.

Immigration, both legal and unlawful, is worth examining hard toward taking off the harm's table. An immigration moratorium is no longer doubted but demanded if the nation hopes to

⁷³ Hotchkiss, Julie L., *Employment Growth and Labor Force Participation: How Many Jobs Are Enough?* (Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, Oct 2004) pg 2 At: <http://www.frbatlanta.org/filelegacydocs/wp0425.pdf>

⁷⁴ Staff, *Economic News Release Employment Situation Summary* (Bureau of Labor Statistics, June 3, 2011) USDL-11-0809 At: <http://www.bls.gov/news.release/empst.nr0.htm>

⁷⁵ Briggs, Vernon M., *The Report of the Commission on Immigration Reform (i.e. the Jordan Commission): A Beacon for Real Immigration Reform* (Cornell University, Jan 1, 2009) At: <http://digitalcommons.ilr.cornell.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1195&context=articles>

reverse the trend and turn the economic corner toward recovery, which requires reversing the downward trend on employment.

Conclusion

What appears clear from this basic analysis is that America's economy has passed its lifetime economic growth peak and is now tracking in the decline stage along a falling trend line—a downward economic cycle that will continue to feed on itself and accelerate to substantially erode the GDP and treasury with devastating future impacts. As the process continues, government revenues will increasingly feel the sting and the nation will be left with fewer choices and resources in putting up its national defense and security. Citizen safety will be dramatically eroded and the entire nation put at increased risk for enemy attack (either from within or externally).

Again, this report [*elsewhere*] has shown America, more than ever before in its history, is facing multiple and significant threats, any of which have the power to cripple or take down the US economy or much of our infrastructure in a manner of days, weeks or months and that the resulting outcrops will likely overburden all current contingency and emergency systems far beyond capacities to effect excessive chaos and potential for civil decay. American society will likely suffer at levels never before seen in US history. Thus at a time when we are increasingly becoming vulnerable to so many threats, we are simultaneously losing our ability to keep the treasury sustained and thus meet the growing demands placed on our national security umbrella.

Accelerating unemployment rates are now a critical aspect of the nation's national security, for without a robust and well paid workforce keeping the treasury well fed, more defense systems and protocols will have to be compromised in the name of budget cutting; at some point our enemy or enemies will become emboldened and affect their strikes with catastrophic consequences from which little hope of recovery looms.

In view of runaway illegal immigration, which is still hitting the ½ million per year mark, and given the facts on unemployment, poverty, treasury and national security budget impacts and more, it's clear that both legal and illegal immigration must be completely shut down until the job market can reach equilibrium with our current population and worker pools. Otherwise, we are merely adding fuel to our economic recovery fire and piling on insurmountable harms to not only the nation's low income workers, but to all workers who must bear the burden of filling the public treasury in order to feed our growing poverty class and unemployed—a burden that could easily become insurmountable as time passes and unemployment skyrockets to 30% or higher levels.

As the impacts of Outsourcing, Offshoring, surplus labor and shifts toward service based industry jobs affect downward pressure on employment and wages, more pressure will be exerted downward on consumption, thus affecting more layoffs and ensuring the downward trend in America's economy. The result will be less workers in the workforce providing the needed tax base to our government, which will force down budgetary expenditures and eventually budgets on national security and citizen safety—this will ensure wider platforms of opportunity for America's enemies both domestically entrenched and abroad.

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

Under normal circumstances, the unemployment rate would not be critical to America's national security, but as the threat study has revealed in horrifying details [*elsewhere*] these are not normal times. WeThePeople face what can only be classified as extraordinary and multi-pronged dangers of new threat classes with capabilities never before seen in US history. We have entered a time when our enemies now have the singular and collective ability to affect our nation's demise due to massive holes [*exposed in the full ATS report*] across the board in our national security umbrella—a safety apparatus that now needs more assistance, not less, from the public treasury if America is to survive into the near or distant future.

Our workforce is our basic economic and revenue generating system upon which all depends and unless we take the needs of this engine seriously, we will soon see that its poor maintenance was a key factor in the ending of America and particularly its federal government.

The states herein should take heed of these trends and warnings and start to prepare for the eventual reality that our federal government is likely going to collapse. They should begin the process of readying themselves collectively and individually for potential and respective forced secessions from the union. Sound preparation by the coming nation-states will ensure stability for citizens and buffer the impacts of federal level economic fallout, regardless the sources or issues to come forward. Chaos cannot feed on a well informed and prepared society and while the federal government has shirked its duties and responsibilities to act competently, the states cannot afford such follies—they must depend on themselves and their own independence to weather the coming storms in hopes of someday rebuilding a more responsive and intelligent federal umbrella—all while avoiding excessive civil decay and particularly civil war should the federal government collapse.

America is a nation of immigrants, filled to the brim with immigrants, but now that the cup is filled, it is time to quick pouring. It is time for sober and wise minds to step forward and lead us from our dark path toward 20% or even 30% or higher levels of unemployment and a spiraling poverty class that is projected on our early horizon.

Yet WeThePeople can be depended upon to rise with ingenuity to overcome the worst and triumph in rebuilding to achieve our own comeback—history has proven this time and again we are a durable and lasting people. However, if we can intercede now and force our federal government back toward competency and rebuild a competent system of fact-based, public watchdog advocacy journalism that helps ensure sound government and democracy as well as community, and if we can install a new culture of leadership responsibility and government transparency, we can then, as a nation of voters, access the key issues and facts, rebuild sound platforms of public awareness and its respective public voice, and thus effectively pressure our leaders to ensure intelligent and serious issue debates that lead the nation toward sound remedies and a stable and growing economy, employed workforce, higher standard of living, and stronger security umbrella.

For unless the public is aware, fully, of the seriousness of the dangers their nation and families face, whether domestic, social, economic, or enemy based or within other threat realms, they cannot adequately defend their nation by pressuring their representatives, their leaders, to march on change and demand needed repairs—for without such forces of communication that oppose strong maintenance of status quo, we risk our all—we roll the dice on America itself—and the only question is “when does She fall”, not if.

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

While not any single aspect of employment and our economy and ability to improve our treasury appears as the lone culprit in downgrading the nation's economy and pushing our destructive economic and national security genesis, we can conclude that most of the key fault areas are not being clearly identified and disseminated to the public or addressed by policy makers or by business or education. It appears each major sector, except the worker sector itself (primarily victim) is with blame. And yet the core of our nation's poor and minority classes, with great focus on our Black community, are now the great pillars bearing Harm's weight, supporting the brunt of today's anti-American policies and their impacts that seem, as always, to prefer the flesh of the downtrodden most of all. For in all our great strides to live by the torch of our Civil Rights struggles and hard-earned wisdoms taught to us by the light of the Great Ones such a Dr. King Jr., we have, instead, embarked on regressive path to stab the very heart of the American Dream—now turning ashen and nightmarish for too many because the masses have forsake the duties of citizenship and voice and would not come to the rescue of their fellow man or nation—the nation's leaders free to affect destructive policies spawned by transnational interests, not American loyalties or interests.

The Future Starts Now

Today, the din of politics is deafening and incompetently roars—the great Democrats suffer the blows of Republicans and visa versa in a well orchestrated Kabuki theater, a modern national level version of the Hatfield's and McCoy's that dazzles us and keeps us confused and ineffective as a democracy-based mass. The cost is watching our nation silently fall as our leaders play tit for tat and avoid the serious and difficult demands and sharp-edge cuts of leadership required of the people's business—a confused and troubled nation watches itself burn.

And those who see the big picture watch in horror as the America Ship takes on water and our children endure the bitter stings of a cold ocean swamping the worn planks of hope to consume their dreams. Perhaps its time Americans throw their captains overboard and elect one from a neutral party—could the nation possibly do any worse—and who knows—might the desperate act of a perishing crew force a needed breath into the cannons of change! Mutiny on the TwoPartySystem might be the last hope of a once great people on a sinking vessel headed for the sharp-toothed shoals that siren Davy Jones Locker—but as lightning strikes our keel, let us pray we somehow right the ship before it's too late—we are not movie spectators, we are crew.

The issue has never been about our nation's ability to find wondrous and ingenious solutions, for they are truly abundant [see ATS-SP], but rather one of our individual and collective inability to endure self-sacrifice—for if we cannot shed personal wants to force up the greater community good as if a blessed water-sprout nourishing sacred ground for all, then the tender seeds of sound remedy shall not manifest fruits amid our trampled garden. When we raise the American consciousness to see that we are all but a pixel of ink, lending our diverse colors and shades of hope to an old mantle inscribed WeThePeople, then on that day the angels may harp their songs and offer us bounty beyond imagination—but today the unseen black spot of runaway globalism and anti-Americanism grows like a plague over a land, a disease spread by its own people.

And yet today, remarkably, perhaps miraculously, we all still get to call our home America!

Let us toast our tin cups of rum and sea water and torrential rain to the lightening skies and count the blessings of still being under sail, if limping afloat in a hurricane made worse by our demented captain and his cohorts who could have stirred us to the relative safety of the wayward side but were incompetent and refused—three cheers to Her Majesty and WeThePeople—may we enjoy the last fateful minutes of our once stupendous voyage!

We did well in our last two centuries but another century more, not even another decade more, appears on our horizon so it's the final bell upon us that now calls—All Hands On Deck!

Let us become aware, learn, persevere, and all do what we have done so well throughout our history—let us rally the American Spirit and triumph over all dark seas to get Her Majesty back on course, back into the port of prosperity and security for nation and crew alike. Let us hoist the red white and blue banner and salute, then embrace the spirit of who we are—America's champions—poor, rich, middle, liberal, conservative—let us remember, we all bleed as one!

* * *

Appendix

The Full America Threat Study

This report is an excerpt of the 600(+/-) page comprehensive America Threat Study that we recommend every American who cares about their children's future read. Inside the full report we reveal the full extent of the foes and illnesses we face as a nation and WeThePeople—many are being kept hidden by our government—many are terrifying and upsetting—all have solutions!

In the America Threat Study Solution Proposal (ATS-SP) under separate cover we provide remarkably easy ways to solve some of the most shaking and terrifying deficiencies facing our nation. And in most cases, the solutions will not push added expenses onto taxpayers. In fact, one solution alone is expected to save the US budget over \$300 billion annually without reducing services to taxpayers while dramatically increasing our national security, citizen safety, employment, liberty and much more. For example, did you know there is a way to be safer on airplanes yet eliminate 90% of the security staff at airports and end invasive searches of your body or of your children? Did you know there is a way to stop 99% of all terrorism against the United States in less than 12 months without going to war? Or that unemployment could be reduced to 4% within 3 years? And the list goes on and on... read about all the great solutions in the ATS-SP by requesting your copy at ATS@BonnIndustries.com

Discover More Facts On Immigration

Take the time to review the [SUPPLEMENTAL: Immigration Fact Sheet](#) available at Citizen America (www.CitizenAmerica.org)

Request Your Own Study Or Consultancy

Contact Bonn Industries at: www.BonnIndustries.com / info@bonnindustries.com

About The Author

Mr. Bonn holds an Masters in Business Administration, Marketing and E-Commerce as well as Bachelor's in Communications. He is the coming author of "Smart Trade", which is both a highly advanced technology system and book explaining the revolutionary concepts of a 21st Century trade system designed to benefit all nation-state participants, whether Third or First world. He is also coming author of "Simbocracy", a modern version of democratic-based government and human-environment interaction that seeks to balance individual rights and freedoms under a democratic state within a global neighbor framework.

Mr. Bonn has successfully owned and operated several successful companies since officially starting his first business at age 17. Since that time, he has started, managed or consulted with numerous companies across multiple industries, including: home improvement, aerospace, light

AMERICA THREAT STUDY: Domestic and Global Dangers To WeThePeople

manufacturing, software, building and development, retail, restaurant, real estate, nonprofit, wholesale food products, entertainment, warehousing, resort travel and more. He provided officer level strategy advisory to one the nation's largest REITs and NYSE traded companies. He went on to provide significant contributions to the Patriot Society think tank where his minority view advisory report contributed to the George W. Bush White House and its subsequent successful (yet controversial) "surge victory strategy" in Iraq.

In 2006, Mr. Bonn founded the nonprofit Patriot Union of America (PUA) toward establishing a National Referendum System to help voters, on occasion, break through Capitol Hill gridlock and ensure federal lawmaking possibility. As both columnist and chief editor of PUA News, he contributed to hundreds of hard news articles, white papers, and political analysis while developing his cutting-edge Grass Roots Change Systems (GRCS) technology to assist community and national activists affect positive change on their government. Several of his original breaking news stories went on to be followed extensively by the mainstream press, including his investigative reporting on Mexican border threats and the alarms to our national debt crisis, among other works. His grass roots efforts became well known in select news, media, and government circles, including attracting the attention of key members of Congress and the Senate. His insights have even been rumored to have been followed extensively by Glenn Beck's research staff in gathering storyline materials. Mr. Bonn's uncanny ability with predictive analysis and forecasting still includes a phenomenal 90% accuracy rate and has past drawn the attention of international businesses and dignitaries the world over.

* * *